

ZONING ORDINANCE



**ZONING ORDINANCE
TOWN OF ESTILL, SOUTH CAROLINA**

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF ESTILL, SOUTH CAROLINA, REGULATING THE LOCATION AND USE OF BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, AND LAND, THE HEIGHT OF BUILDINGS AND OTHER STRUCTURES, THE SIZE OF YARDS, THE DENSITY AND DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION; CREATING DISTRICTS FOR SAID PURPOSES AND ESTABLISHING THE BOUNDARIES THEREOF; DEFINING CERTAIN TERMS USED HEREIN; PROVIDING FOR THE METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION AND AMENDMENT; AND PROVIDING FOR THE IMPOSITION OF PENALTIES FOR THE VIOLATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE.

PREAMBLE

IN ACCORDANCE WITH AUTHORITY CONFERRED BY THE GENERAL STATUTES OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976 CODE OF LAWS, TITLE 6, CHAPTER 29 OF THE COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING ENABLING ACT OF 1994, AS AMENDED, AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROMOTING PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY, MORALS, CONVENIENCE, ORDER, APPEARANCE, PROSPERITY, AND GENERAL WELFARE; LESSENING CONGESTION IN THE STREETS; SECURING SAFETY FROM FIRE; PROVIDING ADEQUATE LIGHT, AIR, AND OPEN SPACE; PREVENTING THE OVERCROWDING OF LAND; AVOIDING UNDUE CONCENTRATION OF POPULATION; FACILITATING THE CREATION OF A CONVENIENT, ATTRACTIVE AND HARMONIOUS COMMUNITY; PROTECTING AND PRESERVING SCENIC, HISTORIC AND ECOLOGICALLY SENSITIVE AREAS; FACILITATING THE PROVISION OF PUBLIC SERVICES, AFFORDABLE HOUSING, AND DISASTER EVACUATION, IN HARMONY WITH THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FOR THE TOWN OF ESTILL, SOUTH CAROLINA, THE TOWN COUNCIL HEREBY ORDAINS AND ENACTS INTO LAW THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES AND SECTIONS, WHICH SHALL COMPRISE AND BE KNOWN AS **THE ZONING ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF ESTILL, SOUTH CAROLINA**, AND SHALL BE APPLICABLE THROUGHOUT THE CORPORATE LIMITS OF THE TOWN, AS NOW OR HEREAFTER ESTABLISHED.

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ARTICLE 1

ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS, PURPOSE OF DISTRICTS, AND RULES FOR THE INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

Section 1.1 Establishment of Districts

For the purpose of this Ordinance, the Town of Estill is hereby divided into the following zoning districts:

Map Symbol

R-12	Low Density Residential District
R-9	Medium Density Residential District
R-6	High Density Residential District
GR	General Residential District
MH	Manufactured Home District
OC	Office Commercial District
HC	Highway Commercial District
CC	Core Commercial District
I	Industrial District

Section 1.2 Purpose of Districts

Collectively, these districts are intended to advance the purposes of this Ordinance, as stated in the Preamble. Individually, each district is designed and intended to accomplish the following more specific objectives.

R-12, Low Density Residential District. The R-12 District is intended to foster, preserve and protect areas of the community in which the principal use of land is for low-density, detached, site built single-family dwellings, and limited residential support facilities at low densities.

R-9, Medium Density Residential District. The R-9 Residential District is intended to foster, preserve and protect areas of the community in which the principal use of land is for medium-density, detached, site built single-

family dwellings, and limited residential support facilities at low densities.

R-6, High Density Residential District. The R-6 Residential District is intended to foster, preserve and protect areas of the community in which the principal use of land is for high-density, detached single-family dwellings, including modular and manufactured dwellings, and limited residential support facilities at low densities.

GR, General Residential District. The GR Residential District is intended to foster, preserve and protect areas of the community for higher density, mixed use residential development. It is intended to accommodate a range of housing which meets the diverse economic and social needs of the population and to provide a protected residential environment. Senior housing, multi-family housing, congregate care and group facilities, cluster subdivisions, town houses, patio homes and similar land conservation housing types are permitted with commonly maintained recreational and open space.

MH, Manufactured Home Residential District. The MH Residential District is intended to foster, preserve and protect areas of the community in which the principal use of land is for manufactured housing, parks, or mixed with site-built single-family dwellings and limited residential support uses.

OC, Office Commercial District. The OC District is intended to accommodate office, institutional, limited personal service and residential uses in areas whose character is mixed, in transition, or otherwise suitable for limited mixed use development.

HC, Highway Commercial District. The HC District is intended to provide for and promote the development and maintenance of commercial and business uses strategically located to serve the community and the larger region of which it is a part. Toward this end, a wide range of business, commercial and light industrial uses are permitted in this district.

CC, Core Commercial District. The CC District is intended to promote the concentration and vitality of commercial and business uses in Downtown Hampton. This district is characterized by wall-to-wall and lot-line-to-lot-line development, sidewalks, and public parking.

I, Industrial District. The intent of the I District is to provide for development of wholesaling, distribution, storage, processing and manufacturing uses in an environment suited to such uses and operations while promoting land use compatibility within the Town of Estill.

Section 1.3 Establishment of Official Zoning Map

The boundaries of the use districts established by this Ordinance are shown on the official zoning map, which shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor, attested by the Town Clerk and maintained at Town Hall. The official zoning map and all amendments, certifications, citations and other matters entered on to the official zoning map are hereby made a part of this Ordinance and have the same legal effect as if fully set out herein.

No changes of any nature shall be made on the official Zoning Map or matters shown thereon except in conformity with the procedures set forth in this Ordinance. Any unauthorized change of whatever kind by any person or persons shall be considered a violation of this Ordinance and punishable as provided by law.

Section 1.4 Amendments to the Official Zoning Map

Amendments to the official zoning map shall be adopted by Ordinance as provided for by this Ordinance. Promptly after the adoption of an amendment the Zoning Administrator shall alter or cause to be altered the official zoning map to indicate the amendment and the effective date of the Ordinance amending the map.

Section 1.5 Rules for Interpretation of District Boundaries on the Official Zoning Map

Where uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of districts shown on the official zoning map, the following rules shall apply.

- (1) Boundaries indicated as approximately following the centerlines of streets, highways, alleys, or public utility easements shall be construed to follow such centerlines.
- (2) Boundaries indicated, as approximately following platted lot or tract lines shall be construed as following such lines, whether

public or private.

- (3) Boundaries indicated as approximately following the Town limits shall be construed as following such Town limits.
- (4) Boundaries indicated as parallel to, or extensions of features indicated in Subsections 1 through 3 above shall be so construed.

If distances are not specifically indicated on the official zoning map, or in other circumstances not covered by Subsections 1 through 3 above, the boundaries shall be determined by the use of scale of such map.

- (5) Where uncertainties continue to exist after the application of the other rules in this Section, appeal for clarification may be taken to the Board of Zoning Appeals.

Section 1.6 Zoning Annexed Property

All the territory which may hereafter be annexed into the Town of Estill shall be classified R-12 until such time as the Town Council may desire to change such classification through normal amendment procedures. Representatives of the annexed territory may request a different zoning classification at the time of annexation, which, if approved by Town Council, shall be made a part of the annexation petition.

ARTICLE 2

ZONE DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Section 2.1 Establishment of Tables

The uses permitted in the several zoning districts established by Article 1, the off-street parking requirements, and the dimensional requirements of each are set forth herein. These requirements are presented through the use of tables, in Section 2-2.

Table 1 sets forth use and off-street parking requirements for all districts. Table 2 sets forth lot area, yard, setback, and height requirements for all districts.

Section 2.2 Use of Tables

Where the symbol “**P**” is shown on Table 1, the use to which it refers is permitted as a use by right in the indicated district, provided it complies fully with all applicable development standards of this Ordinance.

Where the symbol “**C**” is shown, the use to which it refers is conditionally permitted in the indicated district, subject to applicable conditions and requirements contained in Article 3, which requirements are referenced by a Section number following each conditionally permitted use.

Where the symbol “**N**” is shown on the table, the use to which it refers is not permitted in the indicated district.

Where a use is not specifically listed on the Table, it shall be understood that the use may be allowed if it is determined by the Zoning Administrator that the use is similar to other uses listed. It is further recognized that every conceivable use cannot be identified on the Table, and anticipating that new uses will evolve over time, this section establishes the Administrator's authority to compare a proposed use and measure it against those listed on the Table for determining similarity. In determining similarity, the Administrator shall make all of the following findings:

1. The proposed use shall meet the intent of, and be consistent

with the goals, objectives and policies of the Comprehensive Plan;

2. The proposed use shall meet the stated purpose and general intent of the district in which the use is proposed to be located;
3. The proposed use shall not adversely impact public health, safety, and general welfare; and
4. The proposed use shall share characteristics common with, and not be of greater intensity, density, or generate more environmental impact, than those listed in the district in which it is to be located.

Table 1: Schedule of Permitted and Conditional Uses, and Off-Street Parking Requirements, By Zoning District

	R-12 R-9	R-6	GR	MH	OC	HC	CC	I	Required Off-Street Parking Space (a)
Residential Uses									
Single-family Detached	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	2.0 spaces per unit
Duplex	N	N	P	N	P	P	N	N	2.0 spaces per unit
Multi-family, Apartments (Sec. 3.1)	N	N	C	N	C	C	N	N	2.0 spaces per unit
Upper Story Apartments (Sec. 3.13)	N	N	N	N	N	N	C	N	
Townhouses (Sec. 3.2)	N	N	C	N	C	C	N	N	2.0 spaces per unit
Patio Homes (Sec. 3.3)	N	N	C	N	C	C	N	N	2.0 spaces per unit
Residentially designed manufactured homes (Sec. 3.4)	N	C	N	C	N	N	N	N	2.0 spaces per unit
Standard designed manufactured homes (Sec. 3.4)	N	N	N	C	N	N	N	N	NA
Manufactured Home Parks (Sec. 3.15)	N	N	N	C	N	N	N	N	NA
Modular Homes	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	2.0 spaces per unit
Residential Care Home & Facilities (Sec. 3.1)	C	C	C	C	C	C	N	N	0.4 per bed
Rooming houses, dormitories & group occupied dwellings (Sec. 3.1)	N	N	C	N	C	C	N	N	1.0 per bedroom
Accessory Uses to Residential Uses									
Bathhouses & Cabanas	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	NONE
Domestic animal shelters	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	NONE
Non-commercial greenhouses	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	NONE
Private garage & carport	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	NONE
Storage building (Sec.3.6) (b)	C	C	C	C	C	C	N	N	NONE
Swimming pool, tennis courts	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	NONE
Auxiliary shed, workshop	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	NONE
Home Occupations (Sec. 3.5)	C	C	C	C	C	C	N	N	NONE
Horticulture, gardening	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	NONE
Family day care home	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	NONE
Accessory Apartments (Sec. 3.12)	C	C	C	N	P	N	N	N	NONE
Agricultural Uses									
Crop farming	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	P	NONE
Livestock, poultry, swine, horses, etc.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	NA
Landscaping & Horticulture	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 1000 sq ft GFA
Veterinary Services (domestic)	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 350 sq Ft GFA
Veterinary Services (Livestock)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA

	R-12	R-9	R-6	GR	MH	OC	HC	CC	I	Required Off-Street Parking Space (a)
Construction Uses										
Bldg. Construction- general and special trade contractors	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 1,000 sq. ft. GFA
Heavy Construction other than building construction contractors	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 1,000 sq. ft. GFA
Manufacturing Uses										
Food & kindred products	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Textile mill products	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Apparel & other finished prod. made from fabric & similar material	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Lumber & wood products, except furniture	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Furniture & fixtures	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Printing, publishing, & allied industries	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Stone, clay, glass, & concrete prods.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 1,000 sq ft GFA
Fabricated metal products	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Industrial & Commercial machinery & computer equipment	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Manufacturing Uses (continued)										
Electronic & other electrical equip. & components, except computer equip.	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Measuring, analyzing, & controlling instruments; photographic, medical, optical goods; watches & clocks	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Transportation, Communications & Utilities										
Motor freight transport. & warehousing	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Mini-warehouses (Sec. 3.14)	N	N	N	N	N	N	C	N	P	1.0 per 6 storage units
U.S. Postal Service	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 250 sq. ft. GFA
Public Transportation Services, Facilities	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Communications, except towers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Communication towers & ant. (Sec. 3.7)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	C	NONE
Electric Generation & Facilities	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Propane Gas Storage (Bulk)	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Water treatment & storage	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Sewage Treatment	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Refuse systems/facilities	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Recyclable collection	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 50 sq. ft. GFA
Air conditioning supplies	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Wholesale trade										
	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0: 5,000 sq. ft. GFA

	R-12	R-9	R-6	GR	MH	OC	HC	CC	I	Required Off-Street Parking Space (a)
Retail Trade										
Lumber & bldg. Materials	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 950 sq ft GFA
Paint, glass, & wallpaper	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 800 sq. ft. GFA
Hardware stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Retail nurseries, lawn, & garden supp.	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Mobile Home dealers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
General Merchandise stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Food Stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Motor vehicle dealers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Auto, home supply stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Gasoline service stations	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Truck stops	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Boat dealers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	NA
Recreational vehicle dealers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Motorcycle dealers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Apparel & accessory stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Home furniture, furnishings, & equip. stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Eating places- Food & Drink; Restaurants	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Bars, Lounges, Night Clubs	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 150 sq. ft. GFA
Drug & proprietary	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 150 sq. ft. GFA
Liquor Stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Used merchandise, except pawn shops and flea markets	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Pawn shops	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Flea markets	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.0 per 350 sq ft GFA
Sporting goods & bicycle shops	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.5 per stall
Book Stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Stationary shops	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Jewelry stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Hobby, toy, & game shops	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Camera & photography supply	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq ft GFA
Gift, novelty, & souvenir shops	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Luggage & leather goods stores	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Sewing, needle & piece goods	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Non-store retailers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Fuel dealers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Gravestones, monuments	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	N	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Adult Uses (Sec. 3.8)	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	C	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA

	R-12	R-9	R-6	GR	MH	OC	HC	CC	I	Required Off-Street Parking Space (a)
Retail Trade (continued)										
Fireworks Stores (Sec. 3.10)	N	N	N	N	N	N	C	N	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Vendors (Sec. 3.11)	N	N	N	N	N	N	C	C	C	2 per vendor
Retail uses not listed above	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate										
Banks, Mortgage, & Credit Institutions	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Insurance Carriers	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Real Estate	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Personal Services										
Bed & Breakfast Inns (Sec. 3.9)	C	C	C	C	C	C	P	C	N	See Sec. 3.9
Hotels & Motels	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.5 per rental unit
Laundry, cleaning, & garment services	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Photographic studios, portraits	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 300 sq. ft. GFA
Beauty shops	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	2.5 per chair or basin
Barber shops	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	2.5 per chair or basin
Shoe repair	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 300 sq. ft. GFA
Funeral Homes	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 150 sq. ft. GFA
Cemeteries	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	P	NONE
Crematories	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	NA
Tattoo Parlors	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	NA
Palm Readers & Physics	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	NA
Misc. personal services	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	
Business & Auto Services										
Advertising Agencies	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 300 sq. ft. GFA
Signs	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Reproduction, Mailing, graphical arts	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Equipment Rental	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Offices	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Computer programming, data processing	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Junk & Salvage operations	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1.0 per 600 sq. ft. GFA
Auto repair, leasing, service	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	1.0 per 400 sq. ft. GFA
Miscellaneous Repairs	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	1.0 per 400 sq. ft. GFA
Amusement & recreation services										
Dance studio & schools	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 200 sq. ft. GFA
Bowling Centers	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	N	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Miscellaneous amusement	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 250 sq. ft. GFA
Physical fitness facilities	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 300 sq. ft. GFA
Public Golf courses	P	P	P	P	P	N	P	N	N	5.0 per hole
Coin operated amusements	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA

See Article 5

	R-12	R-9	R-6	GR	MH	OC	HC	CC	I	Required Off-Street Parking Space (a)
Amusement services	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 250 sq. ft. GFA
Golf, tennis, & swimming clubs	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 4 members
Video Rental	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 300 sq. ft. GFA
Pool Parlors	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Public parks & playgrounds	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Review of Zoning Administrator
Health Services										
Offices & clinics of doctors	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 150 sq. ft. GFA
Offices & clinics of dentists	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 150 sq. ft. GFA
Offices & clinics of other health practitioners	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 150 sq. ft. GFA
Hospitals	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	0.7 per bed
Medical & dental laboratories	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Misc. health & allied services	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Legal Services	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Educational Services										
Elementary schools	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	2.0 per classroom, plus 5 admin. spaces
Secondary schools	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	N	N	2.0 per classroom, plus 2 per Office
Colleges, universities, professional schools	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	5.0 per classroom, plus 2 per Office
Libraries	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Vocational schools	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	5.0 per classroom
Other schools & educational services.	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	5.0 per classroom, plus 2 per Office
Social Services										
Individual & family social services	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Job training & vocational rehabilitation	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Day care services	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 200 sq. ft. GFA
Other social services	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 500 sq. ft. GFA
Museums, Art Galleries	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.2 per 950 sq. ft. GFA
Miscellaneous Services										
Fraternal, professional, political, civic and business organizations	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 250 sq. ft. GFA
Religious Organizations	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 250 sq. ft. GFA
Engineering, accounting, research mgt. & related services	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Other services, i.e. artists, authors, geologists, etc.	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA

	R-12	R-9	R-6	GR	MH	OC	HC	CC	I	Required Off-Street Parking Space (a)
Executive, legislative, & general govt.										
Courts	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Public order & safety institutions	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Correctional Institutions	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	P	1.5 per jail cell, plus 4.0 per bay
Fire protection	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
Public finance, taxation, & monetary policy	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Administration & human resources	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Administration & housing programs	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	N	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Administration of economic programs	N	N	N	N	N	P	P	P	P	1.0 per 350 sq. ft. GFA
Accessories to Non-Residential Uses										
Buildings, structures (b)	NA	NA	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	NONE
Open storage	NA	NA	N	N	N	N	C	N	C	NA
Temporary Uses (Sec. 3.10)	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	By Review of Zoning Administrator

(a) Refer to Article 6.

(b) Shipping containers shall not be used as accessory storage buildings.

**Table 2
Schedule of Lot Area, Yard, Setback, Impervious Surface Area and Height Requirements, by District**

	R-12	R-9	R-6	GR	MH	OC	HC	CC	I
Minimum Lot Area									
Residential (sq. ft.)	12,000	9,000	6,000	(D)	6,000	6,000	6,000	NA	NA
Non-residential (sq. ft.)	24,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	6,000	0	20,000
Minimum Lot width (ft.)	100	80	60	60	60	60	60	0	150
Minimum Yard & Building Setback(ft.) (A)									
<i>Front</i>	35	30	25	25	25	25	25	0	35
<i>Side</i>									
Residential	15	12	10	E	10	10	5	NA	NA
Non-residential	30	24	20	20	20	10	5	0	25
<i>Rear</i>									
Residential	15	15	15	(F)	15	15	10	NA	NA
Non-residential	30	30	30	30	30	15	10	0	25
Maximum Impervious Surface Ratio									
Maximum Density (B)	3	4	7	14	7	7	7	NA	NA
Maximum Height (ft.) (C)	35	35	35	(G)	35	35	35	(G)	(G)

Table Notes:

Refer to Section 7.2 for yard and setback modifications.
 sq. ft. -- square feet
 ft. -- feet
 NA -- Not applicable

Table References:

- A -- Measurement from property line.
- B -- Number of units per acre.
- C -- Measurement from average elevation of the finished grade at the building line to the highest point on the roof.
- D -- 6,000 sq. ft. for one-family dwelling; 3,000 sq. ft. for each additional dwelling unit.
- E -- 10 feet single-family & duplex; 10 feet patio homes (one side only); 15 feet for end unit of Townhouse; 25 feet for Multi-family housing.
- F -- 30 feet Multi-family; 15 feet all other residential uses.
- G -- 35 feet one and two family dwellings; 50 feet subject to approval by Fire Chief.

ARTICLE 3

CONDITIONAL USE REGULATIONS

The regulations contained in this Article are intended to ameliorate the impact and improve the siting of uses, buildings, and projects whose design and/or operational characteristics could adversely affect surrounding property and environmental conditions. To this end, standards and criteria over and above those set forth elsewhere in this Ordinance are imposed herein on all conditional uses listed on Table 1.

Conditional Uses Listed on Table 1	Section Reference
Multi-Family Housing, Residential Care, Group Occupied Dwellings	3.1
Townhouse Projects	3.2
Patio and zero line housing projects	3.3
Manufactured Dwellings	3.4
Home Occupation	3.5
Residential Storage Buildings/Areas	3.6
Communication Towers & Antennas	3.7
Adult Uses	3.8
Bed and Breakfast Inns	3.9
Temporary uses (portable buildings, tents, etc.)	3.10
Vendors	3.11
Accessory Apartments	3.12
Upper Story apartments	3.13
Mini warehouses	3.14
Manufactured Home Parks	3.15
Open Storage	3.16

Section 3.1 Multi-Family Housing, Residential Care Facilities and Group Occupied Dwellings

Multi-family housing projects consisting of five or more units or two or more residential care facilities, dormitories, rooming houses or group occupied dwellings designed to accommodate 20 or more individuals shall meet the following design standards.

- (1) Buildings shall be set apart not less than 40 feet.
- (2) Not less than 25 percent of the project site shall be designated, landscaped and permanently reserved as usable common open space.
- (3) Buildings shall not exceed 400 feet from end to end.
- (4) Multiple buildings shall be oriented toward common open space, away from adjacent single-family residential uses and off-street parking areas.
- (5) Trash receptacles shall be oriented away and screened from adjacent residential uses.

Section 3.2 Townhouses

Due to the unique design feature of Townhouses, the following supplemental design requirements shall apply:

- (1) Such projects shall have a minimum of 2 acres.
- (2) Not more than six (6) nor fewer than three (3) Townhouses may be joined together, with approximately the same (but staggered) front line.
- (3) Minimum distance between rows of buildings shall be not less than 20 feet.
- (4) Minimum lot width shall be 18 feet.

- (5) Sidewalks not less than six (6) feet in width shall be provided along the front property line of each project, building.
- (6) Projects consisting of 20 or more units shall devote, designate and landscape not less than 15 percent of the project site as usable common open space.

Section 3.3 Patio and Zero Lot Line Housing

Due to the unique design features of patio and zero lot line housing, the following supplemental design requirements shall apply:

- (1) Such projects shall have a minimum of 5 acres.
- (2) Minimum lot area shall be 3,000 square feet per unit.
- (3) Minimum lot width shall be 40 feet.
- (4) Where a unit is to be constructed at or on the property line, a five-foot private maintenance easement shall be provided on the adjoining lot.
- (5) At least one side yard extending not less than six (6) feet from the property line shall be provided. Where a second side yard is provided, though not required, it too shall have a minimum width of six (6) feet.

Section 3.4 Manufactured Dwellings

Section 3.4-1 Setup

Manufactured dwellings, including homes sited for the first time, or homes involving a change in location, where permitted by this Ordinance, shall:

- 1) Bear a seal showing compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Code (245 CFR 3280), enacted June 15, 1976. Alternatively, the homeowner shall provide a letter from a manufactured home repair contractor licensed by the state of South Carolina certifying that the unit is retrofitted to these standards.

- 2) Be installed in accord with the regulations of the South Carolina Manufactured Housing Board, 23, S.C. Code Ann. Regs. Section 19-425 et seq.; specifically:

(a) Foundations

Foundations shall be in accord with chapter 19, Paragraph 19-425.43A & B in its entirety, as promulgated from South Carolina Code 40-29.

Foundation shall be installed by personnel licensed in accordance with Chapter 19, Paragraphs 425.25, 425.29 and 425.30.

(b) Tie-Down Anchors

Ground anchors shall be installed in accordance with Chapter 19, Paragraph 19-425.43A & B in its entirety as promulgated from South Carolina Code 40-29.

Anchors shall be installed by personnel licensed in accordance with Chapter 19, Paragraphs 425.25, 425.29 and 425.30.

(c) Curtain Walls and Final Installation

Curtain walls (commonly referred to as Skirting or Underpinning) shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions, and regulations promulgated by the S.C. Manufactured Housing Board under S.C. Code Section 40-29. Skirting materials may consist of vinyl, wood, metal or masonry. Curtain walls shall be secured, as necessary, to assure stability, to minimize vibrations, minimize susceptibility to wind damage, and to compensate for possible frost heave. Access opening(s) not less than 24 inches in any dimension and not less than 3 square feet in area shall be provided and shall be located so that any water supply and sewer drain connections located under the

manufactured home are accessible for inspection. Such access panel(s) or door(s) shall be fastened in a manner that does not require the use of special tools to remove or open same.

Before installation of curtain wall, all debris and grass shall be removed from beneath the manufactured home.

Tongues, drawbars and running gear must be removed from the unit.

(d) Steps and Landings

Each exterior door shall have a landing or porch area with minimum measurements of 36 inches by 36 inches. The minimum width of stairway treads shall be 36 inches. If the exterior door is 30 inches or more above the ground, handrails must be installed. Metal or wood stairs shall be securely anchored to the ground. Concrete masonry unit (CMU) steps must be constructed with standard masonry joints consisting of masonry cement.

Section 3.4-2 Habitability Standards

All manufactured homes brought into the Town of Estill must provide a safe and sanitary living environment. Accordingly, this Section requires compliance with Minimum Habitability Requirements of the Manufactured Housing Board, Chapter 19, Paragraph 19-425-44 as authorized under Code Section 40-29-50, South Carolina Code of Laws 1976, as amended.

Manufactured homes more than 10 years old must submit to the Zoning Administrator the following information:

1. A copy of the certificate of title to the manufactured home, or a copy of the completed application for a certificate of title submitted to DMV of Form 400;
2. Picture of the manufactured home showing all sides of the home and pictures of every room in the home showing walls, floors and ceilings to be in good condition.

Section 3.5 Home Occupations

Home occupations, as defined by this ordinance, shall meet the following requirements, where conditionally permitted by Table 1.

- (1) The home occupation shall be carried on wholly within the principal building, and shall be properly licensed.
- (2) The floor area dedicated to such use shall not exceed 25 percent of the floor area of the principal dwelling.
- (3) No activity shall be conducted outside, nor shall there be any outdoor storage, display, or refuse area in the yard.
- (4) There are no retail sales of goods or other business activity which would generate customers or patrons.
- (5) Not more than one (1) person residing on the premises shall be permitted to work on the premises.
- (6) There is no alteration whatsoever of the residential character of the building(s) and/or premises.
- (7) The occupation, profession, or trade shall generate no noise, glare, heat, vibration, smoke, dust, or odor perceptible to adjacent uses.

Section 3.6 Accessory Residential Storage Buildings/Areas

Storage buildings/areas in residential zones shall not be used for the following:

- (1) Storage in connection with a trade.
- (2) Storage of building materials except in connection with active on-site construction.
- (3) Open storage of any material or use other than accessory to

the principal residential use. Open storage or storage buildings or structures shall not be permitted in any front yard or required setback area.

Section 3.7 Communication Towers and Antennas

Where conditionally permitted as a principal use by Table 1, communication towers and antennas shall adhere to the following regulations.

- (1) All new towers shall be mounted on mono-poles, without need for guy wires, and shall be designed to accommodate additional antennas equal in number to the applicant's present and future requirements.
- (2) All applicable safety code requirements shall be met, including requirements for lighting, except that strobe lights shall not be permitted.
- (3) Towers or antennas shall not be painted or illuminated unless otherwise required by state or federal regulations. However, if permitted, they shall be done so in muted colors.
- (4) No tower shall be located in any wetlands.
- (5) No tower or antenna shall be located within 1,000 feet of an existing tower or antenna, except where the applicant certifies that the existing tower does not meet the applicant's structural specifications and applicant's technical design requirements, or that a co-location agreement could not be obtained.
- (6) Towers or antennas shall be exempt from the maximum height requirements of this ordinance; provided such uses shall be setback from adjacent property lines in all residential zoning districts one foot for each one foot in height.
- (7) No advertising of any type may be attached to a communication tower.

- (8) Communication towers shall be removed at the operator's expense within 120 days of the date such tower ceases to be used for its intended purpose.
- (9) Permit requirements for the erection or replacement of a tower or antenna shall be accompanied by the following:
 - (a) One copy of typical specifications for proposed structures and antenna, including description of design characteristics and material.
 - (b) A site plan drawn to scale showing property boundaries, tower location, tower height, anchors, existing structures, fall zone (as determined by a structural engineer, licensed & certified in South Carolina), photographs or elevation drawings depicting typical design of proposed structures, parking, fences, landscape plan, and existing land uses on adjacent property; [site plan not required if antenna is to be mounted on an approved existing structure].
 - (c) A current map or update of an existing map on file, showing locations of applicant's antenna, facilities, existing towers, and proposed towers which are reflected in public records, serving any property.
 - (d) Identification of the owners of all antennae and equipment to be located on the site.
 - (e) Written authorization from the site owner for the application.
 - (f) Evidence that a valid FCC license for the proposed activity has been issued.
 - (g) A line of sight analysis showing the potential visual and aesthetic impacts on adjacent residential districts.
 - (h) A written agreement to remove the tower and/or antenna within 120 days after cessation of use.

- (i) A certificate from a registered engineer that the proposed facility will contain only equipment meeting FCC rules, together with written indemnification of the Town and proof of liability insurance or financial ability to respond to claims up to \$1,000,000 in the aggregate which may arise from operation of the facility during its life, at no cost to the Town.

Section 3.8 Adult Uses

Section 3.8-1 Location

Owing to potentially objectionable operational characteristics of sexually oriented or adult uses, and the deleterious affect of such uses on existing businesses and/or residential areas around them, the location of such uses shall be tempered by the supplemental siting criteria of this section.

No such use shall be located within 1,000 feet (measured in a straight line and documented on a map drawn to scale) of:

- (1) a church or religious institution,
- (2) public or private schools and educational facilities,
- (3) public parks and recreational facilities,
- (4) public library, governmental or historical building or marker,
- (5) a cemetery,
- (6) another sexually oriented business,
- (7) day care facilities, or
- (8) Residential care homes and facilities.

Section 3.8-2 License Required

It shall be a misdemeanor for a person to operate a sexually oriented business without a valid permit and/or license, issued by the Town for the particular type of business.

- (1) An application for a permit and/or license must be made on forms provided by the Zoning Administrator.

- (2) The premises must be inspected and found to be in compliance with the law by health, fire and building officials.

Section 3.8-3 Expiration of License

Each permit and/or license shall expire at the end of each calendar year and may be renewed only by making application as provided herein.

Section 3.8-4 Fees

The annual fee for a sexually oriented business license shall be five hundred dollars (\$500).

Section 3.8-5 Inspection

- (1) An applicant or permittee and/or licensee shall permit representatives of the Town's police department, health or fire departments or other governmental departments or agencies involved in code enforcement to inspect the premises of a sexually oriented business for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the law, at any time it is occupied or open for business.
- (2) A person who operates a sexually oriented business or his agent or employee commits a misdemeanor if he refuses to permit such lawful inspection of the premises at any time it is occupied or open for business.

Section 3.8-6 Suspension

The Zoning Administrator shall suspend a permit and/or license for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days if he determines that a permittee and/or licensee has:

- (1) Violated or is not in compliance with any section of this Ordinance, or
- (2) Refused to allow an inspection of the sexually oriented business premises as authorized by this Section.

Section 3.8-7 Revocation

The Zoning Administrator shall revoke a permit and/or license if he determines that:

- (1) A permittee and/or licensee gave false or misleading information in the material submitted to the building department during the application process.
- (2) A permittee and/or licensee or an employee has knowingly allowed possession, use or sale of controlled substances on the premises.
- (3) A permittee and/or licensee or an employee has knowingly allowed prostitution on the premises.
- (4) A permittee and/or licensee or an employee knowingly operated the sexually oriented business during a period of time when the permittee's and/or licensee's permit and/or license was suspended.
- (5) A permittee and/or licensee or an employee has knowingly allowed any act of sexual intercourse, sodomy, oral copulation, masturbation, or other sexual conduct to occur in or on the permitted and/or licensed premises.
- (6) A permittee and/or licensee is delinquent in payment to the Town for any taxes or fees past due.

Section 3.9 Bed and Breakfast Inns

Bed and Breakfast Inns are intended to provide a unique transit lodging experience in predominantly residential environs. As a result, care should be taken to protect the environs that contribute to the experience of such lodging while promoting their use. Toward this end, Bed and Breakfast Inns, where conditionally permitted by this Ordinance, shall:

- (1) Be occupied by the resident/owner.

- (2) Only be permitted in older residential structures that are recognized as architecturally, historically or culturally significant and that, through renovation and use as a bed and breakfast inn, will contribute significantly to the ambience, character, or economic revitalization of the area and /or continued use of the property in question for residential purposes.
- (3) Serve no scheduled meal other than breakfast.
- (4) Maintain the interior architectural integrity and arrangement of the structure and shall not increase the number of guest rooms above the number of bedrooms in the original structure.
- (5) Maintain the exterior architectural integrity of the structure and grounds and make changes only if compatible with the character of the surrounding area.
- (6) Provide off-street parking on the basis of one space per guest room, plus two spaces for the resident innkeeper.
- (7) Be permitted one non-illuminated identification sign, not to exceed four square feet in area.

Section 3.10 Temporary Uses and Structures

1) Permit Required

The Zoning Administrator is authorized to issue a permit for temporary uses and/or structures as specified in this Ordinance. No temporary use or structure may be established without receiving such permit.

2) Type and Location

The following temporary uses and structures and no others may be permitted, subject to the conditions herein.

- a) Except in Residential Districts, tents or other temporary structures for public assembly are allowed for a period not to exceed forty-five (45) days, at intervals of not less than

sixty (60) days. The use of tents for private use is not regulated by this section.

- b) Contractor's office and equipments shed are allowed in any district for a period covering construction phase of a project not to exceed one (1) year unless re-permitted; provided that such office be placed on the property to which it is appurtenant.
- c) Portable classrooms are allowed for cultural or community facilities, educational facilities, or religious complexes, for an indefinite period provided all required setbacks for the district in which the structures are to be located shall be met and the portable structure shall be located on the same site as the principal structure.
- d) Garage and Yard Sales shall be permitted in residential districts for not more than two days at intervals of not more than three times a year. Further, no more than one directional off premise sign may be erected and the sale shall discontinue at 6:00 P. M. No public address system shall be used and no new merchandise shall be brought in for the sale.
- e) Portable storage structures may be permitted in any District for a period not to exceed 30 days; provided such temporary structure is not located in any required setback or yard area. Applicable sign regulations notwithstanding, leasing information may be displayed on the temporary structure.
- f) Temporary office trailers for the conduct of business in any non-residential district while the principal building is being expanded, rebuilt or remodeled.

3) Removal

Temporary uses and structures from which temporary uses are operated shall be removed from the site after the temporary permit has expired.

Section 3.11 Vendors

Vendors shall be governed by the following:

- (1) All vending operations shall be located not less than twenty (20') feet from the nearest street right-of-way and provide at least two off-street parking spaces.
- (2) Only one vendor shall be allowed for each one hundred (100') feet of street frontage.
- (3) No portion of a vending operation shall be allowed to occupy or obstruct access to any required off-street parking stall.
- (4) No merchandise, vehicles, structures, signage, etc. shall be left on the site past sundown.
- (5) No goods or merchandise offered for sale may be stored in or sold from a tractor-trailer.

Only one sign per vendor shall be allowed, regardless of where it's mounted. Advertising materials attached to or painted onto automobiles are construed to be signs. Signs shall not exceed ten (10) square feet in area and shall meet all applicable sign requirements contained in Article 5.

Section 3.12 Accessory Apartments

Accessory apartments, where permitted as conditional uses, shall meet the following conditions:

- (1) The principal structure (dwelling) must be owner occupied.
- (2) The apartment, whether attached or detached, cannot exceed 50 percent gross floor area of the principal dwelling, or contain more than two bedrooms.
- (3) The apartment must be a complete living space, with kitchen and bathroom facilities separated from the principal unit.

- (4) An accessory apartment may be accessory only to a single-family dwelling, and not more than one apartment shall be allowed per dwelling lot.
- (5) Minimum lot size shall be at least 50 percent greater than the minimum lot requirement for the district in which the apartment is to be located.
- (6) The apartment shall meet all yard setback requirements and, where detached from the principal dwelling, shall be setback not less than 20 feet from the principal dwelling.
- (7) A third off-street parking space shall be required.
- (8) Neither the primary nor the accessory apartment shall be a manufactured home.

SECTION 3.13 UPPER STORY APARTMENTS IN THE CC DISTRICT

Apartments may be permitted in the upper floors of buildings in the CC District; provided, the ground floor is occupied by a commercial use, further provided that off-street parking shall be provided in accord with the requirements of Table I, except that said parking may be located off-site.

Section 3.14 Mini-Warehouses

Due to the need to better integrate mini-warehouses into the urban fabric of the community where located outside the industrial district, the following standards shall be observed:

- (15) **Size.** Mini-warehousing sites shall not exceed two (2) acres.
- (15) **Lot Cover.** Lot coverage of all structures shall be limited to 50 percent of the total area.
- (15) **In/Out.** Vehicular ingress-egress shall be limited to one point for each side of property abutting any street lot line.

(15) **Storage Only.** No business activities other than rental of storage units shall be conducted within or from the units.

(15) **Storage Space.** The storage space or gross floor area of a single unit shall not exceed 300 square feet.

Section 3.15 Manufactured Home Parks

The establishment and operation of a manufactured home park shall comply with the following design and development standards:

1. The park site shall be not less than five (5) acres, and have not less than 200 feet frontage on a public dedicated and maintained street .
2. The park shall be served by public water and sewer systems, a system of storm drainage, and refuse disposal facilities, plans of which shall be approved by local DHEC officials.
3. All dwelling spaces shall abut upon an asphalt or concrete driveway of not less than eighteen (18) feet in width which shall have unobstructed access to a street.
4. A description of the procedures of any proposed homeowners association or other group maintenance agreement must be submitted to and approved by the Planning Commission.
5. All on-site roadway intersections shall be provided with a street light, and interior lights shall be provided at not less than 400-foot intervals. Lots in parks shall be sized and arranged so that there will be at least 50 feet spacing between manufactured homes, and at least 35 feet from the right-of-way of any street or drive providing common circulation.
6. All homes shall be installed in accord with the installation requirements of Section 19-425.39 of the South Carolina Manufactured Housing Board Regulations.
7. Not less than 10 percent of the park site shall be set aside and developed for common open space and recreation usage.

8. Space Numbers: Permanent space numbers shall be provided on each street or driveway. Signs identifying space locations shall be provided at each street or driveway intersection. 911 address numbers shall be used when appropriate.
9. No manufactured home space shall have direct access to a public street, but shall instead access an internal street system.
10. The maximum number of mobile or manufactured home spaces shall not exceed seven (7) per acre.
11. Two parking spaces shall be provided for each designated manufactured home space. Parking may be provided at the designated space or in community parking areas.
12. In the development of a park, existing trees and other natural site features shall be preserved to the extent feasible.
13. Buffer areas shall be provided on the perimeter of the park or court in accord with the requirements of Section 4.1.
14. License Required, Revocation: A license shall be requisite to the opening or operation of a manufactured home park and shall be subject to annual renewal.

Said license is issued by the Zoning Administrator and may be revoked by the Zoning Administrator for a violation of this Ordinance or other applicable ordinances and regulations governing the operation of such uses.

15. Site Plan Required: A Site Plan showing the above required data, and in all other respects meeting the minimum requirements for a building permit shall accompany all applications to establish a manufactured home park.

Section 3.16 Open Storage Areas

Open storage as an accessory use may be permitted where indicated by Table 1 provided such storage area does not occupy over 20 percent of the buildable area, is not located in any required setback area, and is screened

from public view. Open storage does not include retail sales items such as vehicles, boats etc.

ARTICLE 4

COMMUNITY APPEARANCE, BUFFERING, LANDSCAPING, AND TREE PROTECTION REGULATIONS

The regulations contained in this Article are intended generally to promote land use compatibility between uncomplimentary and incompatible land uses, create an aesthetically pleasing environment and maximize the retention of trees, a valuable natural resource.

Section 4.1 Buffer Areas

Section 4.1-1 Definition

A buffer area is a unit of yard, together with plantings, fences, walls, and other screening devices required thereon.

Section 4.1-2 Purpose

The purpose of a buffer area is to ameliorate any potential adverse impact between adjacent land uses and streets, and promote land use compatibility.

Section 4.1-3 Location

Buffer areas shall be located on the outer perimeter of a lot or parcel, extending to the lot or parcel boundary line. For purposes of complying with this section, they shall not be located on any portion of an existing street or right-of-way; however, they may occupy part or all of any required front, side or rear yard setback. Where specified by this section, buffer areas and/or buffer area structures shall be developed as an integral part of the proposed use.

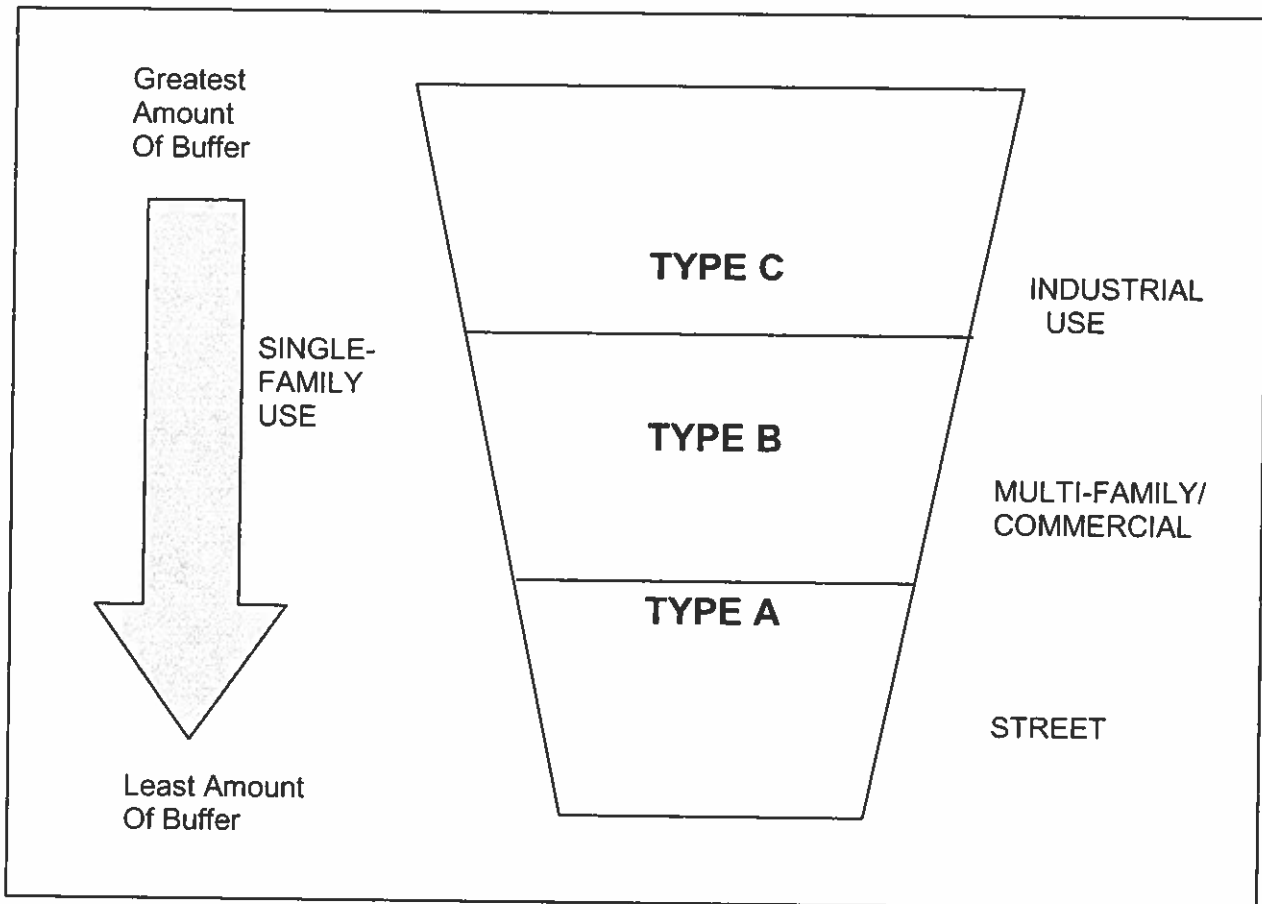
Section 4.1-4 Determination of Buffer Area Requirements

Buffer Areas shall be required under the following circumstances.

- (1) **Type A Buffer Area Required.** Wherever a Multi-family building or non-residential use is proposed, a Type A buffer area shall be provided along the street right-of-way boundary of

the proposed use, separating it from the adjoining street, except for driveways and uses in the CC District.

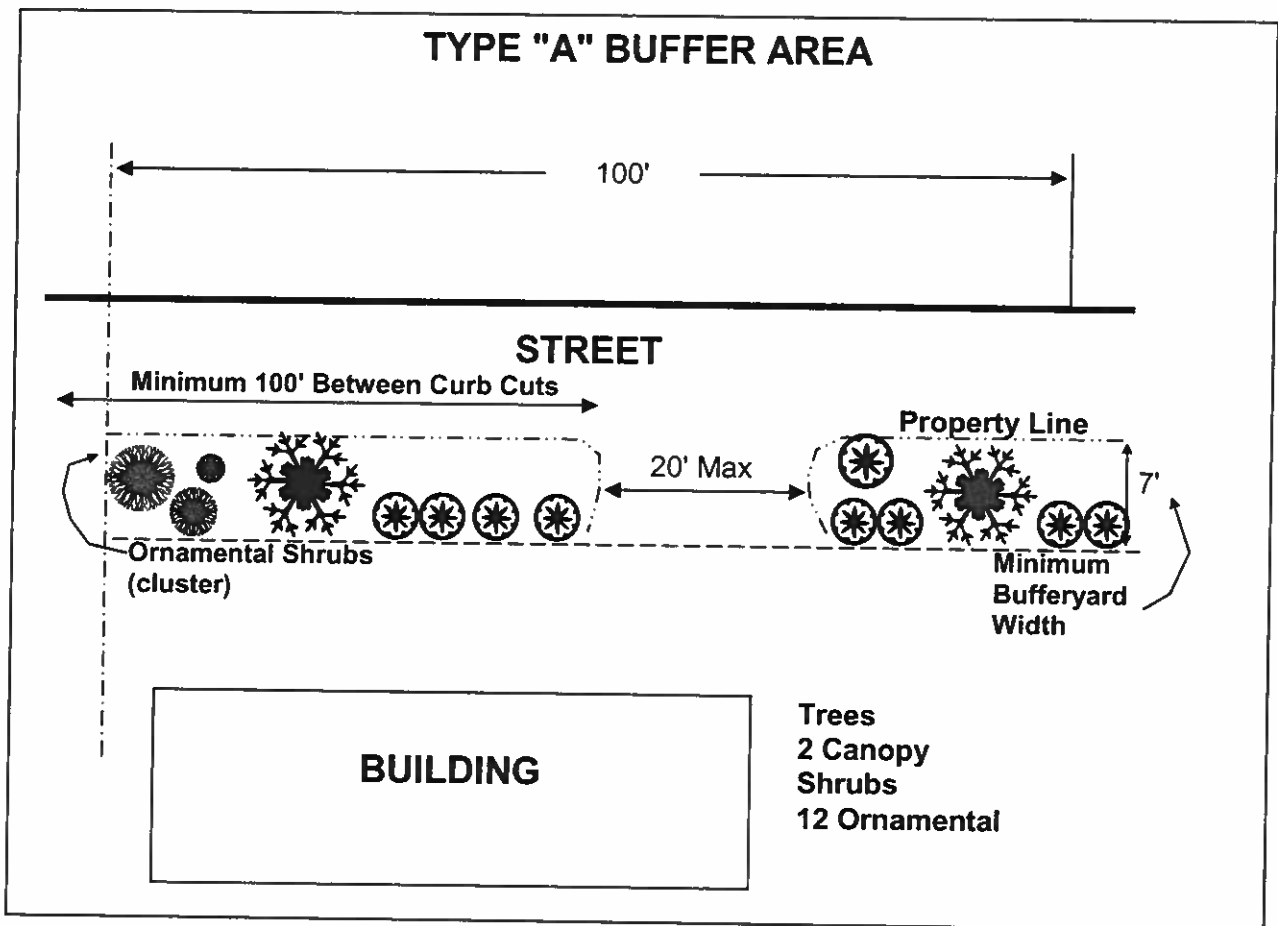
- (2) **Type B Buffer Area Required.** Wherever a Multi-family building, institutional or commercial use is proposed for a site or lot adjoining a single-family residential dwelling in a residential district, with no intervening street, a Type B Buffer Area shall be provided along the boundary of the adjoining residential property line.
- (3) **Type C Buffer Area Required.** Wherever an industrial, warehouse, or related use is proposed for a site or lot adjoining any residential dwelling in a residential district with no intervening street, a Type C Buffer Area shall be provided along the boundary of the adjoining residential property line.



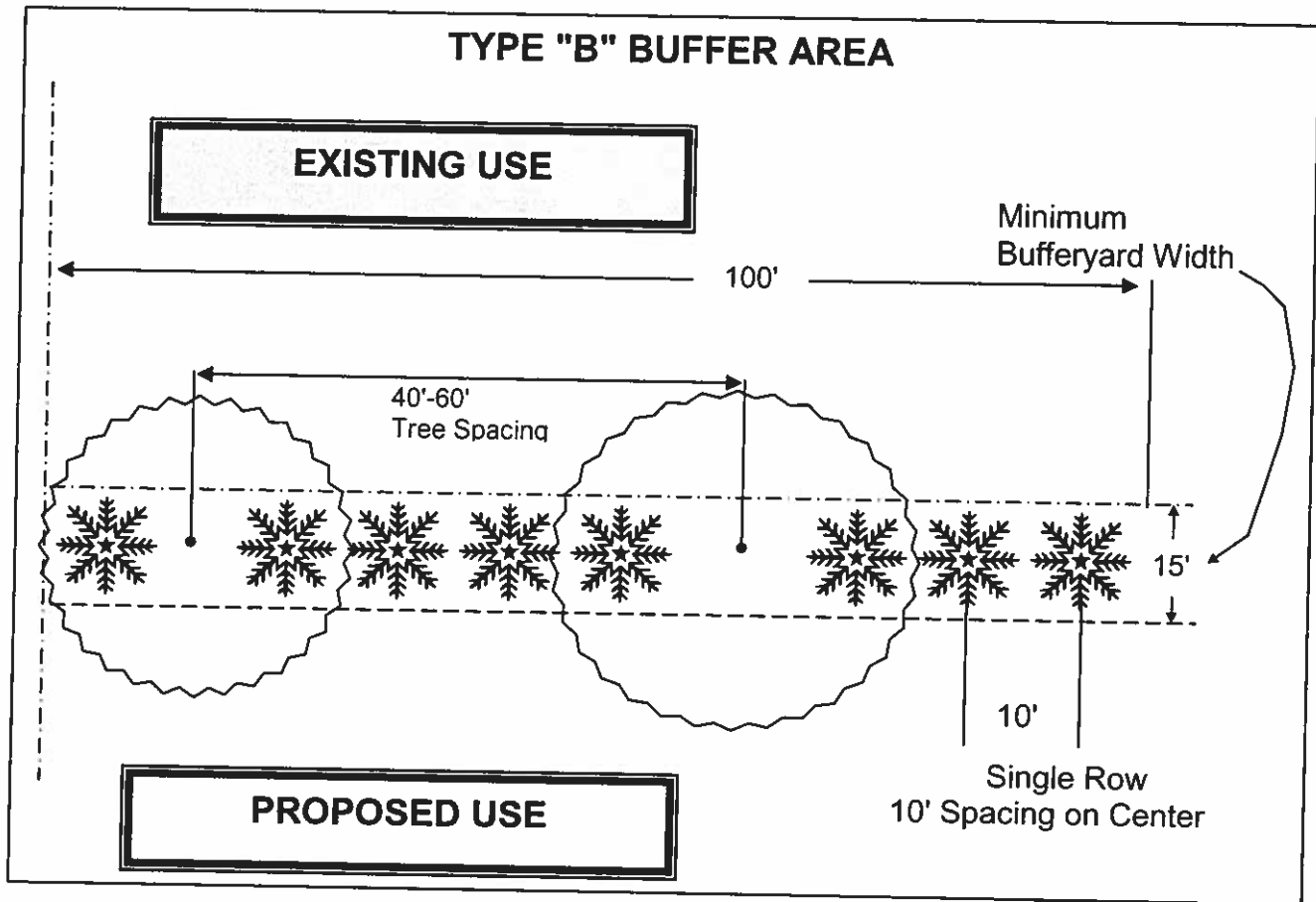
Section 4.1-5 Design Standards

Three types of buffer areas are required by this Ordinance, Type A, Type B, and Type C. A description of each follows:

- (1) **Type "A" Buffer Area.** The Type A Buffer Area consists of low density landscaping and minimal acceptable separation between uses. The buffer area shall be not less than seven (7) feet in width. Per 100 lineal feet of frontage, the buffer area shall consist of a combination of not less than 12 ornamental shrubs, two understory trees and landscaped grass areas, or other appropriate ground cover. The shrubs may be clustered to ensure their survival. The following diagram illustrates an example site plan.

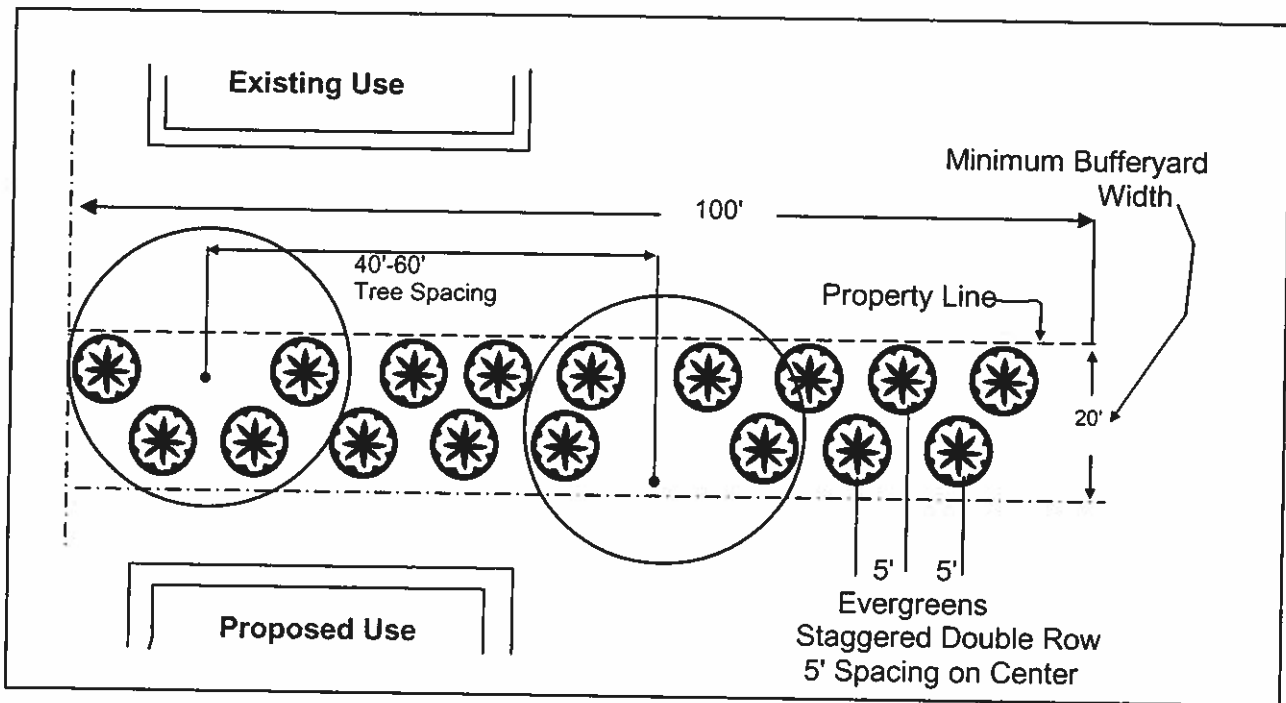


- (2) **Type "B" Buffer Area.** The Type B Buffer Area is a medium density screen intended to block visual contact between uses and to create spatial separation. The buffer area shall be a minimum width of 15 feet. Per 100 lineal feet the screen shall consist of a combination of 2 deciduous trees planted 40 to 60 feet on center and 8 evergreen plants 10 feet on center. The following diagram illustrates an example site plan.



- (3) **Type "C" Buffer Area.** The Type C Buffer Area is a high-density screen intended to exclude all visual contact between uses and to create spatial separation. The buffer area shall be a minimum width of 20 feet. Per 100 lineal feet the screen shall consist of a combination of 2 deciduous trees planted 40 to 60 feet on center and 17 evergreen plants or understory trees planted in a double-staggered row 10 feet on center. The following diagram illustrates an example site plan.

TYPE "C" BUFFER AREA



Section 4.1-6 Buffer Area Specifications

- (1) **Minimum Installation Size.** At installation or planting, all evergreen (understory) trees and/or shrubs used to fulfill buffer area requirements shall be not less than 6 feet in height, and all deciduous (canopy) trees shall be not less than 8 feet in height, except for ornamental shrubs for Type A Buffer Areas.
- (2) **Minimum Mature Size.** At maturity, evergreen plant material used for screening shall form a continuous opaque screen averaging 10 feet in height, and deciduous plant material used for screening shall average 25 feet in height.

- (3) **Staggered Planting.** Where required, evergreen and deciduous plant material shall be planted in at least two rows and in an alternating fashion to form a continuous opaque screen of plant material.

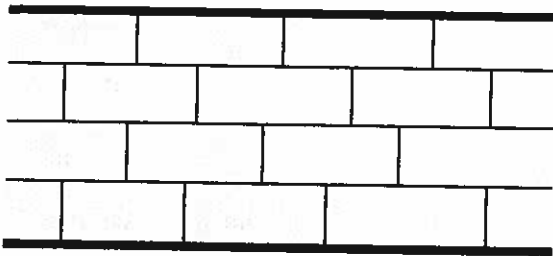
Section 4.1-7 Substitutions

The following substitutions shall satisfy the requirements of this section:

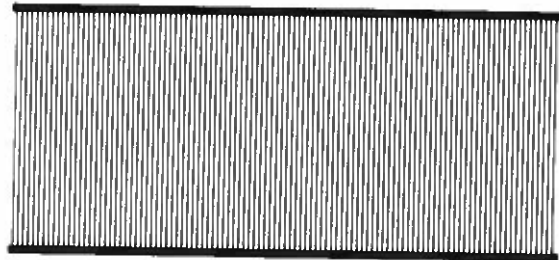
- (1) **Existing Plant Materials.** Existing trees of 4 inches DBH (Diameter Breast High) or more in diameter, within the required buffer area may be included in the computation of the required buffer area planting, with approval of the Zoning Administrator.
- (2) **Fence or Wall.** Where, owing to existing land use, lot sizes or configurations, topography, or circumstances peculiar to a given piece of property, the buffer area requirements of this section cannot reasonably be met, the developer(s) may request and the Zoning Administrator may approve the substitution of appropriate screening, in the way of a fence or wall structure along the property line of the proposed use in accord with the provisions of this Section.

An eight-foot fence or wall, as illustrated below, may be substituted for a Type "B" or "C" Buffer Area.

Fence and Wall Illustrations



Masonry Wall



Wood Stockpile

All fences and walls used as part of the buffer area requirements must have a finished side that is facing adjoining property. The interior side of the fence or wall may be finished, as owner deems appropriate. Chain link fences with or without slats are not an acceptable substitute and not permitted as such.

Section 4.1-8 Responsibility

It shall be the responsibility of the proposed new use to provide the buffer area where required by this Ordinance, except that no new detached single-family dwelling, duplex, or single patio, manufactured or modular home shall be required to provide such buffer area.

Section 4.1-9 Required Maintenance

The maintenance of required buffer areas shall be the responsibility of the property owner. All such areas shall be properly maintained so as to ensure continued buffering. All planted areas shall be provided with an irrigation system or a readily available water supply to ensure continuous healthy growth and development. Dead trees shall be removed; debris and litter shall be cleaned; and berms, fences, and walls shall be maintained at all times. Failure to do so is a violation of this Ordinance, and may be remedied in the manner prescribed for other violations.

Section 4.1-10 Use of Buffer Areas

A buffer area may be used for passive recreation; however no plant material may be removed. All other uses are prohibited, including off-street parking.

Section 4.2 Landscaping

Section 4.2-1 Definition

Landscaping is a type of open space permanently devoted and maintained for the growing of shrubbery, grass, other plants and decorative features to the land.

Section 4.2-2 Purpose.

The purpose of landscaping is to improve the appearance of vehicular use areas and development abutting public rights-of-way; to protect, preserve, and promote the aesthetic appeal, scenic beauty, character and value of land; and to promote public health and safety through the reduction of noise pollution, storm water run off, air pollution, visual pollution, and artificial light glare.

Section 4.2-3 Where Required.

No proposed commercial, institutional, industrial or other non-residential use, multi-family or off-street parking lot containing 12 or more spaces shall hereafter be established and subsequently used unless landscaping is provided in accord with the provisions of this section. No existing building, structure or vehicular use area shall be expanded or enlarged by 50 percent or more unless the minimum landscaping required by the provisions of this section is provided throughout the building site. Enlargements involving less than 50 percent shall meet the minimum requirements of the enlargement only. Landscaping is not required for existing uses, nor is it required for uses in the CC District.

Section 4.2-4 Landscaping Plan.

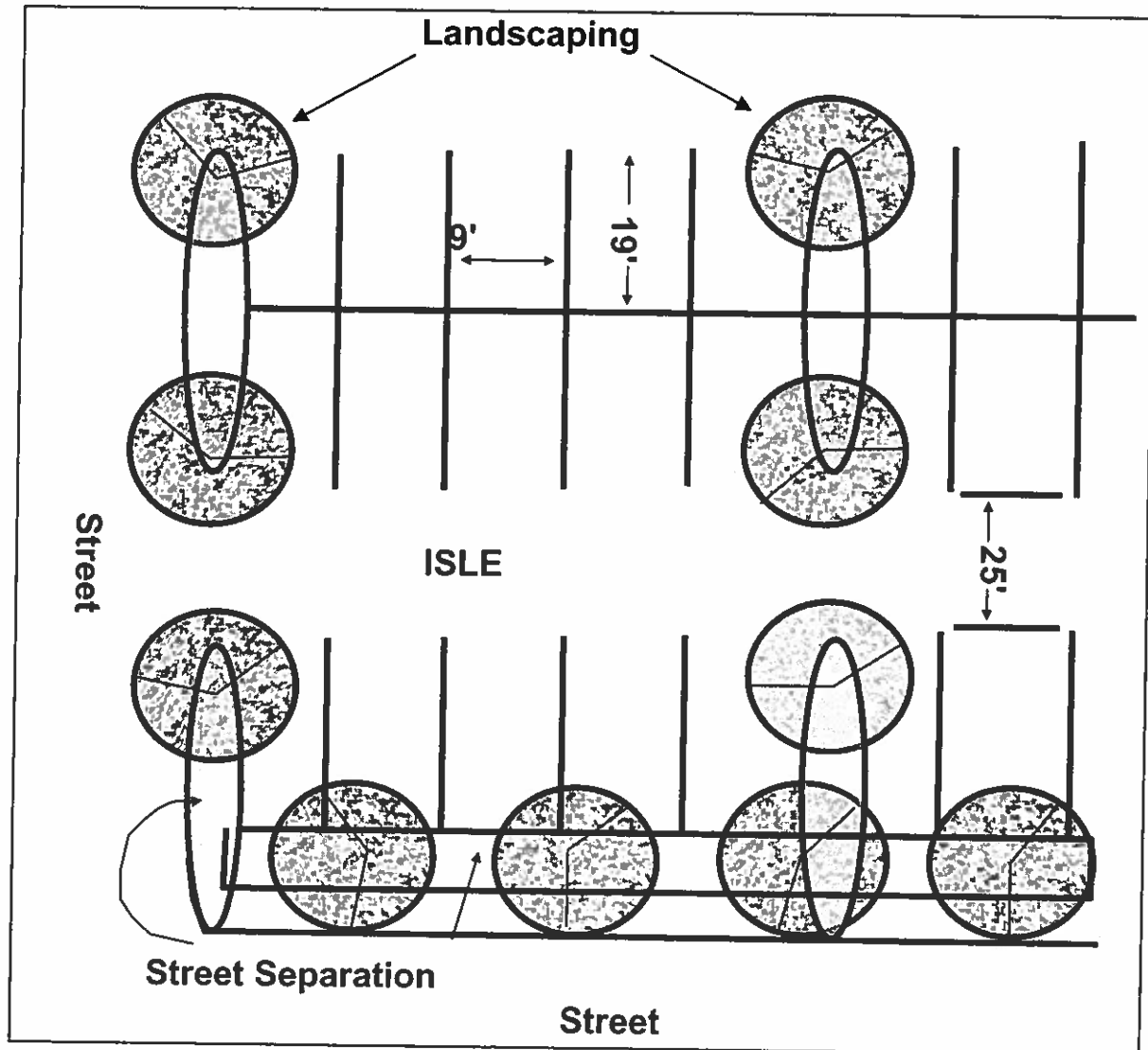
A landscaping plan shall be submitted as part of the application for a building permit. The plan shall:

- (1) Designate areas to be reserved for landscaping. The specific design of landscaping shall be sensitive to the physical and design characteristics of the site.
- (2) Indicate the location and dimensions of landscaped areas, plant materials, decorative features, etc.
- (3) Identify all existing trees 12" DBH (Diameter Breast High).

Section 4.2-5 Landscaping Requirements.

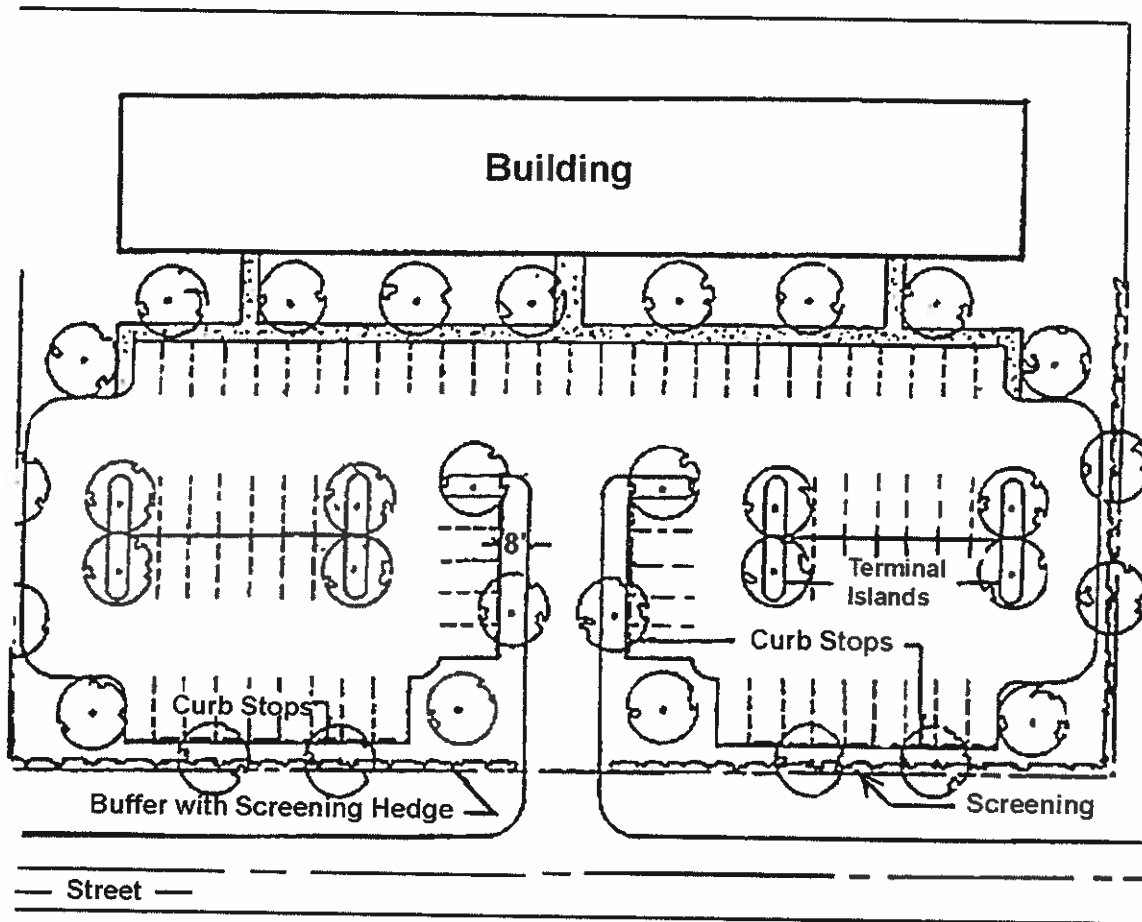
Required landscaping shall be provided as follows:

- (1) **Along the outer perimeter of a lot or parcel**, where required by the buffer area provisions of this Article to buffer and separate incompatible land uses. The amount specified shall be as prescribed by **Section 4-1, Buffer Areas**.
- (2) **Within the interior**, peninsula or island type landscaped areas shall be provided for any open vehicular use area containing 12 or more parking spaces. Landscaped areas shall be located in such a manner as to divide and break up the expanse of paving and at strategic points to guide travel flow and directions. Elsewhere, landscaped areas shall be designed to soften and complement the building site and separate the building from the vehicular surface area, and the vehicle surface area from adjacent property.



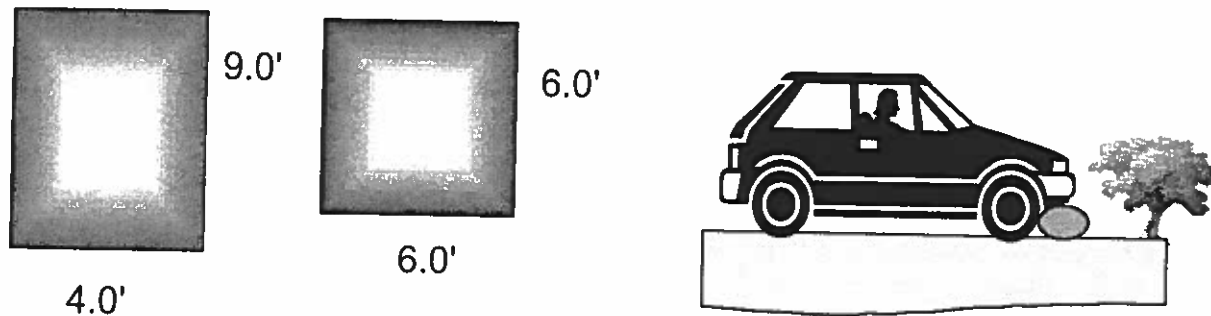
At a minimum, interior lot landscaping shall be provided in the following amounts:

<u>Use</u>	<u>% of Lot</u>
Institutional	18%
Industrial/wholesale/storage	12%
Office	15%
Commercial-retail-service	10%
Multi-family Projects	25%



Section 4.2-6 Landscaped Areas

- (1) All landscaped areas in or adjacent to parking areas shall be protected from vehicular damage by a raised concrete curb or an equivalent barrier of six inches in height. The barrier need not be continuous.
- (2) Landscaped areas must be at least 36 square feet in size.



Section 4.2-7 Required Maintenance

The maintenance of required landscaped areas shall be the responsibility of the property owner. All such areas shall be properly maintained so as to assure their survival and aesthetic value, and shall be provided with an irrigation system or a readily available water supply. Failure to monitor such areas is a violation of this Ordinance, and may be remedied in the manner prescribed for other violations.

Section 4.3 Tree Protection

Section 4.3-1 Purpose

The purpose of this section is to protect and sustain the intrinsic value of trees and their ability to promote the public health, safety and general welfare, to lessen air pollution, to increase air filtration, to reduce noise, heat and glare, to prevent soil erosion, to aid in surface drainage and minimize flooding, and to beautify and enhance the environment.

Section 4.3-2 Protected Trees

Any tree, except a pine tree, measuring 12" DBH (Diameter Breast High) shall constitute a "significant tree" for purposes of this section and shall be protected to the extent practical and feasible. To this end, no person, firm, organization, society, association or corporation, or any agent or representative thereof shall directly or indirectly destroy or remove any tree in violation of the terms of this section.

Section 4.3-3 Tree Survey

Prior to grading or clearing a lot or parcel for development and the issuance of a building permit, the developer/owner applicant shall have conducted a tree survey identifying the location of all significant trees. Said trees shall be shown on a survey plat and physically marked with brightly colored tape or other markings.

Section 4.3-3 Site Design

The design of any land development project or subdivision shall take into consideration the location of all significant trees identified on the tree survey. Lot and site design shall minimize the need to fell such significant trees, of which no more than 25 percent may be removed to accommodate a proposed use or development.

The site design shall be presented on a site plan showing:

- (1) Existing location and size of all significant trees;
- (2) Trees to be removed;
- (3) Trees to be preserved;
- (4) Areas to be cleared; and
- (5) Areas for proposed structures and improvements.

Site plan approval by the Zoning Administrator shall be prerequisite to the issuance of a building permit.

Section 4.3-4 Tree protection and Replacement

- (1) **Prior to Development.** Where a building permit has not been issued, the destruction of any significant tree, as defined by this Ordinance, without prior approval of the Zoning Administrator, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, shall be prohibited.
- (2) **During Development.** During development, a minimum protective zone, marked by barriers, shall be established (erected) at the "drip line" and maintained around all trees to be retained as required by this section. There shall be no construction, paving, grading, operation of equipment or vehicles, or storage materials within this protected zone.

Section 4.3-5 Exceptions

Individually owned lots less than two acres in size.

Section 4.3-6 Significant Trees Removed Without Permits

Where significant trees have been removed or where removal is necessitated at any time due to acts of negligence, or where sites were cleared of significant trees in violation of this section, replacement trees shall be planted in accordance with a replacement schedule approved by the Zoning Administrator, who shall specify the number, species, DBH, and location of replacement trees, using the following criteria:

- (1) Combined DBH of replacement trees is equal to or greater than the DBH of the tree removed or;
- (2) individual replacement trees are of the largest transplantable DBH available.

ARTICLE 5

SIGN REGULATIONS

Section 5.1 Purpose

The purpose of this Article is to protect the dual interest of the public and the advertiser. The regulations herein are designed to protect public safety and welfare and to ensure the maintenance of an attractive community environment while satisfying the needs of sign users for adequate identification, communication, and advertising.

Section 5.2 Applicability and Conformance

This Article regulates the number, size, placement, and physical characteristics of signs; allows certain signs without permits; prohibits certain signs; and requires permits for certain signs.

From and after the adoption of this Ordinance, no sign may be erected or enlarged in the Town unless it conforms to the requirements of this Article.

Section 5.3 Signs on Private Property

Signs shall be allowed on private property in the Town in accord with Table 3. If the letter "A" appears for a sign type in a column, such sign is allowed without prior permit approval in the zoning district represented by that column. If the letter "P" appears for a sign type in a column, such sign is allowed only with prior permit approval in the zoning district represented by that column. Special conditions may apply in some cases. If the letter "N" appears for a sign type in a column, such a sign is not allowed in the zoning district represented by that column under any circumstances.

Although permitted under the previous paragraph, a sign designated by an "A" on Table 3 shall be allowed only if in compliance with the conditional requirements of Table 4.

**Table 3
Regulation of signs
By Type Characteristics and Zoning District**

Sign Type	R & GR	MH	OC	CC	HC	I	INS (3)
Permanent							
<i>Freestanding</i>							
Principal	(1)	(1)	(4)	(4)	P	P	(4)
Incidental	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
<i>Building</i>							
Canopy	N	N	P	P	P	P	N
Identification	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Incidental	N	N	A	A	A	A	A
Marquee	N	N	N	P	P	N	N
Projecting	N	N	N	P	P	N	N
Roof	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Wall	N	N	P	P	P	P	N
Window	N	N	A	A	A	A	N
Temporary (2)							
A-Frame (sandwich board)	N	N	N	A	P	N	N
Banner	N	N	N	P	P	P	P
Posters	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Portable	N	N	N	N	P	N	N
Inflatable	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Pennant	N	N	N	N	P	N	N
Identification	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Political	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Sign Characteristics							
Animated	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Digital	N	N	N	A	A	A	N
Illumination Indirect	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Illumination Internal	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
Illumination, Exposed bulbs or neon	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

- (1) Subdivision and/or residential project identification signs only.
- (2) See Section 5.5
- (3) This column does not represent a zoning district. It applies to institutional and other non-residential uses permitted in residential zoning districts e.g. churches, school, parks, governmental buildings, etc. and includes historical markers.
- (4) Free-standing signs are allowed only where the established front yard setback is greater than 30 feet; and such signs are in accord with the requirements of Table 4.

A - Allowed without a permit.
P - Sign permit required.
N - Not allowed

Section 5.4 Signs in the Public Right-of-Way

No sign shall be allowed in the public right-of-way, including the railroad right-of-way, except for the following:

1. Public signs erected by or on behalf of a governmental body to post legal notices, identify public property, convey public information, convey holiday greetings, and direct or regulate pedestrian or vehicular traffic;
2. Informational signs of a public agency or utility regarding its facilities;
3. Church signs, in accord with state law;
4. Historical signs and markers;
5. Emergency signs; and
6. Directional signs of a temporary nature not to exceed three (3) square feet in area and 24 hours in duration for such events as yard sales, auctions, public gatherings, etc.

Section 5.5 Temporary Signs

Sign Type	Display Period	Display Intervals	Dimensions	Conditions
A-Frame	daylight hours only	off-hours	12 sq. ft.	A
Banners and Pennants	30 days	6 months	None	B
Portable	30 days	11 months	32 Sq. Ft.	C
Posters	7 days	None	6 sq. ft.	D
Identification	90 days, or project completion	None	24 sq. ft.	E
Political	60 days prior to election	Not Applicable	32 sq. ft.	F

Notes to Table

- A. A-Frame signs, where located on sidewalks, shall be located in such a manner as not to obstruct pedestrian movement.

- B. Banners and pennants shall be properly secured and maintained at all times, and shall not interfere with pedestrian or vehicular movement.
- C. Portable signs shall be limited to one per establishment or lot, whichever is less, shall have no colored or flashing lights, shall not be wired so as to obstruct pedestrian or vehicular traffic or pose any potential for hindrance (e.g. exposed drop cord), shall not exceed 6 feet in height, shall be anchored in accord with Town building code, and shall not be converted to a permanent sign.
- D. Posters shall not be allowed on any telephone or power poles or any public right-of-way, and shall be placed no closer than five (5) feet from a street or curb.
- E. Temporary subdivision and work under construction identification signs shall adhere to the Development Standards of Section 5.7.
- F. Political signs shall be removed within 7 days of an election.

Section 5.6 Prohibited Signs

All signs not expressly permitted by this ordinance are prohibited. Such signs include, but are not limited to:

1. Signs painted on or attached to trees, fence posts, telephone or other utility poles, stationary vehicles, or natural features.
2. Signs displaying intermittent lights resembling the flashing lights customarily used in traffic signals or in police, fire, ambulance, rescue vehicles or other warning signals, and signs using the words "stop", "danger", or any other word, phrase, symbol, or character in a manner that might mislead or confuse motorist.
3. Signs which have been abandoned and no longer correctly direct or exhort any person, advertises a bona fide business, product, or activity conducted or product available.
4. Signs which have fallen into disrepair (dilapidated), are not properly maintained, are insecure or otherwise structurally unsound, have defective parts in the support, guys and/or anchors, or which are unable to meet minimum safety requirements of the Standard Building Code.

Section 5.7 Development Standards

1. Visual Area Clearance

No sign shall be located within a vision clearance area, Section 8.5.

2. Vehicle Area Clearance

When a sign extends over an area where vehicles travel or park, the bottom of the sign structure shall be at least 14 feet above the ground. Vehicle areas include driveways, alleys, parking lots, and loading and maneuvering areas. (See Area Clearance Illustration, 4).

3. Pedestrian Area Clearance

When a sign extends over a sidewalk, walkway, or other space accessible to pedestrians, the bottom of the sign structure shall be at least 8 feet above the ground. (See Area Clearance Illustration, 4).

4. Sign Materials; Code Compliance

Permanent and temporary identification signs must be constructed in accord with all applicable provisions of the Building Code and National Electrical Code, and consist of durable all-weather materials.

Images, logos, graphics, etc. painted on permanent signs or buildings must be performed in a professional and workmanlike manner. Permits for painted signs will only be issued to companies engaged as sign painters.

5. Sign Illumination

Illuminated signs shall not directly shine on abutting properties. No illumination simulating traffic control devices or emergency vehicles shall be used, nor shall lights which are intermittently switched on and off, changed in intensity or color, or otherwise displayed to create the illusion of flashing or movement be permitted.

Section 5.8 Sign Measurement

1. Sign Face Area

1. The area of a sign enclosed in frames or cabinets is determined by measuring the outer dimensions of the frame or cabinet surrounding the sign face (Illustration 1). Sign area does not include foundations or supports. Only one side of a double-faced or V-shaped, freestanding sign is counted.
2. For signs on a base material and attached without a frame, such as a wood board or Plexiglas panel, the dimensions of the base material are to be used in the measurement unless it is clear that part of the base contains no sign related display or decoration.
3. For signs constructed of individual pieces attached to a building wall, sign area is determined by a perimeter drawn around all the pieces (Illustration 2).
4. For sign structures containing multiple modules oriented in the same direction, the modules together are counted as one sign face (Illustration 3).
5. The maximum surface area visible at one time of a round or three-dimensional sign is counted to determine sign area.
6. For signs incorporated into awnings, the entire panel containing the sign is counted as the sign face unless it is clear that part of the panel contains no sign related display or decoration.

2. Clearances

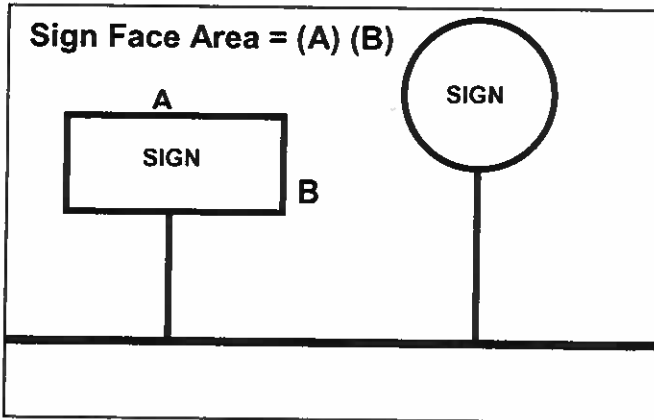
Clearances are measured from the grade directly below the sign to the bottom of the sign structure enclosing the sign face (Illustration 4).

Section 5.9 Removal of Signs

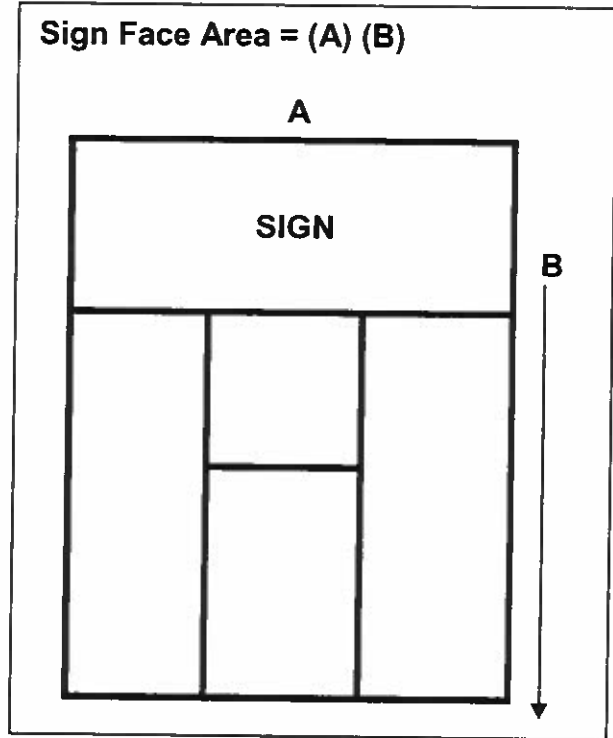
1. The lawful use of any permanently mounted sign existing at the time of the enactment of this Ordinance may be continued although such use does not conform with the provisions of this Ordinance, except those declared abandoned or dilapidated, which shall be removed or remedial action taken upon notification by the Zoning Administrator.

Sign Measurement Illustrations

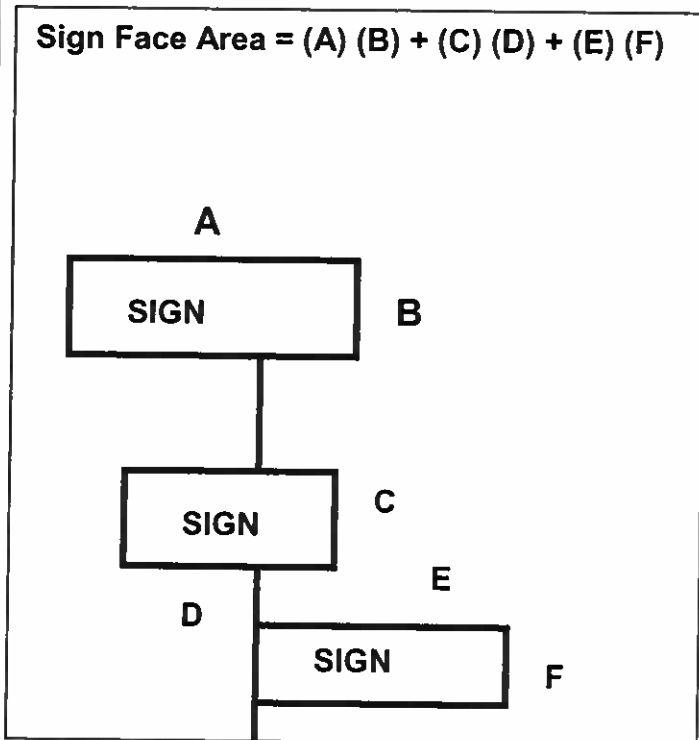
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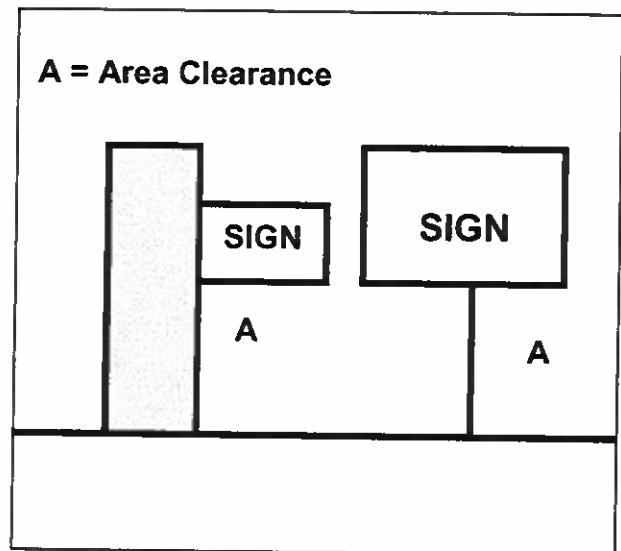
2.



3.



4.



2. Non-conforming permanent signs shall be removed or brought into conformity whenever the following occurs:
 - a. Property changes ownership and the name of the business is to be changed, or
 - b. The occupancy classification of the building is changed.
3. Any existing sign which is subsequently abandoned shall be removed, and any existing sign exceeding the allowable face area by 25 percent, and which is subsequently destroyed or damaged to the extent of 60 percent or more of its replacement cost, shall be removed or brought into conformity with these regulations.
4. Any nonconforming temporary sign shall be removed or brought into conformity no later than sixty (60) days following the effective date of this Ordinance.
5. An order under this Section shall be issued in writing to the owner or responsible party of any such sign, or of the building or premises on which such sign is located to comply within thirty (30) days time. Upon failure to comply with such notice, the Zoning Administrator may cause the sign to be removed and any costs of removal incurred in the process may be collected in a manner prescribed by law.

ARTICLE 6

SUPPLEMENTAL OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REGULATIONS

The provisions of this Article shall supplement the off-street parking requirements contained in Table 1 of this Ordinance

Section 6.1 Off-Street Parking

Section 6.1-1 General Requirements

- (1) Where application of the requirements of Table 1 result in a fractional space requirement, the next larger requirement shall apply, except that off-street parking shall not be required in the CC District.
- (2) Wherever a building or use, constructed or established after the effective date of these regulations is changed or enlarged in floor area, number of dwelling units, seating capacity or otherwise to create a need for an increase of ten percent or more in the number of existing parking spaces, such spaces shall be provided on the basis of the enlargement or change.
- (3) Off-street parking facilities provided to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance shall not be reduced below the requirements of this Ordinance.

Section 6.1-2 Land To Provide Parking

The land to provide off-street parking must be contiguous to and under the same ownership or lease agreement as the principal use for which the off-street parking is to be provided.

Section 6.1-3 Design Standards

Where off-street parking for more than ten (12) vehicles is required, the following design and development standards shall apply:

(1) Parking Dimensions

Parking stalls shall be not less than nine (9) feet by nineteen (19) feet, except that a maximum of ten percent (10%) of the total number of stalls may be 8.5 feet by eighteen (18) feet. However, the dimensions of all parallel parking stalls shall be not less than nine (9) feet by twenty-four (24) feet. Minimum isle width shall be as follows:

90 degree parking	25 feet
60 degree parking	18 feet
45 degree parking	13 feet

(2) Construction, Paving

Where 12 or more off street parking stalls are required by this ordinance, such stalls and all ingress and egress drives shall be surfaced with a permeable surface material to reduce runoff, approved by the Zoning Administrator.

(3) Drainage

Parking lots shall be designed so as not to drain into, across public sidewalks, or on to adjacent property, except into a natural watercourse or a drainage easement.

(4) Separation From Walkways and Streets

Off-street parking spaces shall be separated from walkways, sidewalks, streets, and required yards and buffer areas by a wall, fence, curbing, or other protective device approved by the Zoning Administrator. (See Section 4.2-6)

(5) Entrances and Exits

Landscaping, curbing or other approved barriers shall be provided along boundaries to control entrance and exit of vehicles or pedestrians. Except for single-family homes and duplexes, off-street parking areas shall be designed so that all

movement on to a public street is in a forward motion. Entrance and exit driveways to public streets in the vicinity of street intersections must be located at least forty (40) feet, measured along the curblines, from the intersection of the nearest curblines.

(6) Marking

Parking lots shall be marked by painted lines, curbs or other means to indicate individual spaces. Signs or markers, as approved by the Zoning Administrator, shall be used as necessary to ensure efficient traffic operation of the lot.

(7) Lighting

Adequate lighting shall be provided if off-street parking spaces are to be used at night. Equipment for lighting parking facilities shall be arranged so that light does not interfere with traffic or adjoining residential areas.

(8) Landscaping

Off-street parking areas shall be landscaped in accord with the provisions of Section 4-2.

Section 6.1-4 Maintenance

All off-street parking areas shall be maintained in a clean, orderly, dust-free, and weed-free condition at the expense of the owner or lessee and not used for the sale, repair, or dismantling or servicing of any vehicles or equipment, except for service and auto repair stations.

Section 6.1-5 Parking Space For The Physically Handicapped

When off-street parking is required for any building or use, except for residential dwellings with fewer than 20 units, parking for the handicapped shall be included when calculating the overall parking requirements for such building or use, based on the following formula:

<u>Number of Required Spaces</u>	<u>Number of Spaces Reserved For Handicapped Persons</u>
Up to 25	1
26 to 50	2
51 to 75	3
76 to 100	4
101 to 150	5
151 to 200	6
201 to 300	7
301 to 400	8
401 to 500	9
over 500	2% of total required

Parking spaces for the physically handicapped shall measure 12 feet by 20 feet or 8 feet in width, with an adjacent access isle 8 feet in width, and shall be located as close as possible to ramps, walkways, and entrances. Parking spaces should be located so that physically handicapped persons are not compelled to wheel or walk behind parked cars to reach entrances, ramps and walkways.

Section 6.2 Off-Street Loading

All uses except those located in the CC District, shall provide off-street loading space sufficient for their requirements. Such space shall be arranged so that no vehicle being loaded or unloaded in connection with normal operations shall stand in or project into a public street, or walk.

Off-street loading and unloading space shall in all cases be located on the same lot or parcel of land as the structures they are intended to serve.

Section 6.3 Approval of Parking and Off-Street Loading Plans and Layouts

Designs and plans for areas to be used for off-street parking and off-street loading shall be subject to approval by the Zoning Administrator, who may withhold a permit or take other action if the layout of either would create avoidable safety or traffic congestion problems, pending acceptable modification of the layout, or appeal to the Board of Zoning Appeals.

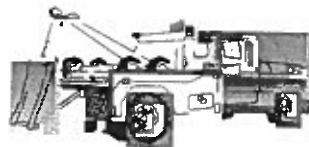
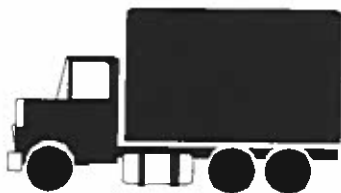
Section 6.4 Parking, Storage or Use of Travel Trailers or Recreational Vehicles in Residential Zones

Not more than one recreational vehicle or boat shall be parked or stored in any required front or side yard setback area or within 5 feet of the rear lot line in a residential district; however, such use may be parked anywhere on a residential premise for a period not to exceed twenty-four (24) hours during loading or unloading, and recreational vehicles may be used for temporary lodging, up to seven (7) days.

Section 6.5 Parking, Storage and Use of Non-Recreational Vehicles and Equipment in Residential Zones

- (1) Up to but not exceeding two automobiles, trucks or trailers of any kind or type, without current license plates, may be parked or stored in any residential zone up to 45 days. Unlicensed vehicles parked more than 45 days must be in completely enclosed buildings or screened from public view.
- (2) Within any Residential Zone, the owner or occupant of a dwelling unit may park one commercial motor vehicle with a carrying capacity of not more than two tons.

Specifically prohibited from parking in any residential zone, including the street right-of-way, when not actively involved in commerce, are flat bed trucks, tow trucks, buses, dump trucks, tractor cabs and/or trailers or combinations thereof, and vehicles meeting the following general description:



- (3) Trailers, implements and equipment for commercial use also may be parked or stored on the same lot as a dwelling in any residential zone; provided such uses shall be parked or stored in completely enclosed buildings or screened from public view.

Section 6.6 Parked Vehicles/Retail Sales

Not more than one vehicle for sale may be permitted on a lot or parcel other than the premises of a licensed vehicle dealer. No merchandise shall be displayed and no retail sales shall be permitted from the beds of trucks or other vehicles.

Section 6.7 Use of Off-Street Parking Lots, Facilities

No off-street parking lot, area or facility shall be used or occupied for any purpose other than parking or storage of vehicles, as required by Table I of this Ordinance. No parking lot, area or facility shall be used for the display of goods or services for sale, lease or promotion.

ARTICLE 7

GENERAL AND ANCILLARY REGULATIONS

The regulations set forth in this Article are intended to clarify, supplement, or modify the regulations set forth elsewhere in this Ordinance.

Section 7.1 Application of Regulations

The various zoning district regulations established herein are declared to be the minimum requirements necessary to carry out the purpose of this Ordinance. These regulations apply to each class or kind of structure or land, and are the minimum standards for all site clearing, development, buildings, structures, or alterations to land or structures within the jurisdiction of this Ordinance.

No part of a yard, open space, or off-street parking required in connection with any building for the purpose of complying with the regulations of this Ordinance shall be included as part or all of the required yard, open space, or off-street parking for another building or structure, except as hereinafter provided.

Section 7.2 Exceptions and Modifications

1. **Setbacks - Corner Lots**

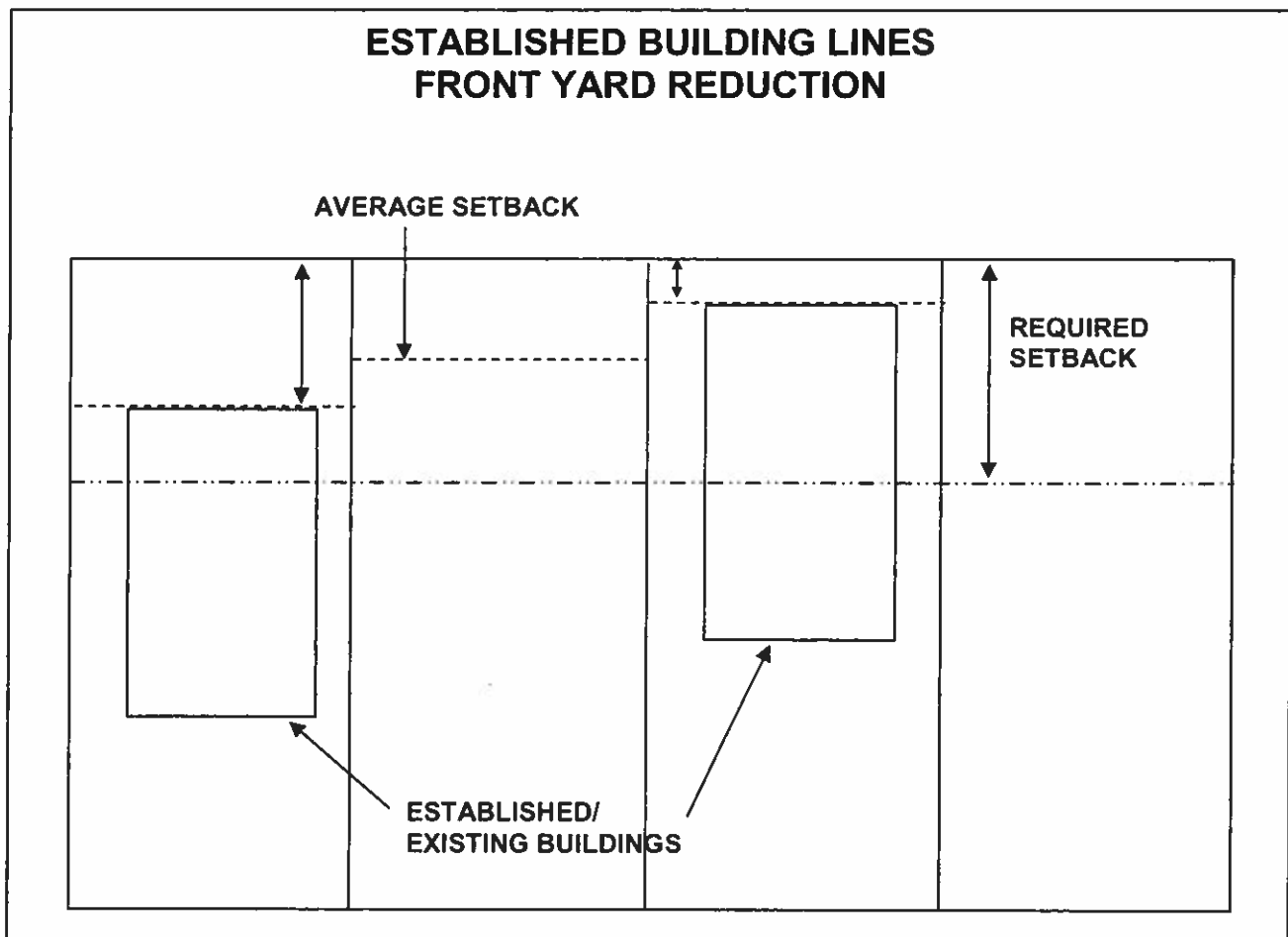
The setback from the street upon which the principal building will face shall be not less than the minimum required front yard. The setback from the street upon which the side of the building will face shall be not less than the minimum required front yard setback for the street upon which it is contiguous.

2. **Setbacks - Through or Double Frontage Lots**

Front yard setbacks for double frontage lots shall be provided for both streets upon which the lot has frontage, and any accessory use(s) shall be prohibited from the required front yard setback of the street upon which the principal building fronts.

3. Setbacks - Partially Developed Areas

Where the majority of lots in a block fronting on the same side of a street between two intersecting streets are lawfully occupied with buildings having greater or lesser front yard depth than required by these regulations, no building hereafter erected or altered shall vary in the front yard setback by more than five feet from the average depth of said existing front yard setbacks without written approval of contiguous property owners.



4. Setbacks – Multiple Buildings on Lot

Whenever more than one main building is to be located on a lot, the required yards shall be maintained around the group of buildings and buildings shall be separated by a horizontal distance that is at least equal to the height of the highest adjacent building.

5. Height

The height limitations of this Ordinance shall not apply to the following:

Belfries	Elevated water tanks
Chimneys	Ornamental towers and spires
Church spires	Public Monuments
Cupolas	Public utility poles
Domes	Smoke stacks

Such features shall be erected only to such height as is necessary to accomplish the purpose they are intended to serve and no height extension shall serve as a place for human habitation.

6. Projections

The space in any required yard shall be open and unobstructed except for the ordinary projections of window sills, cornices, eaves, window air conditioning units, and other architectural features, provided that such features shall project no more than two feet into any required yard.

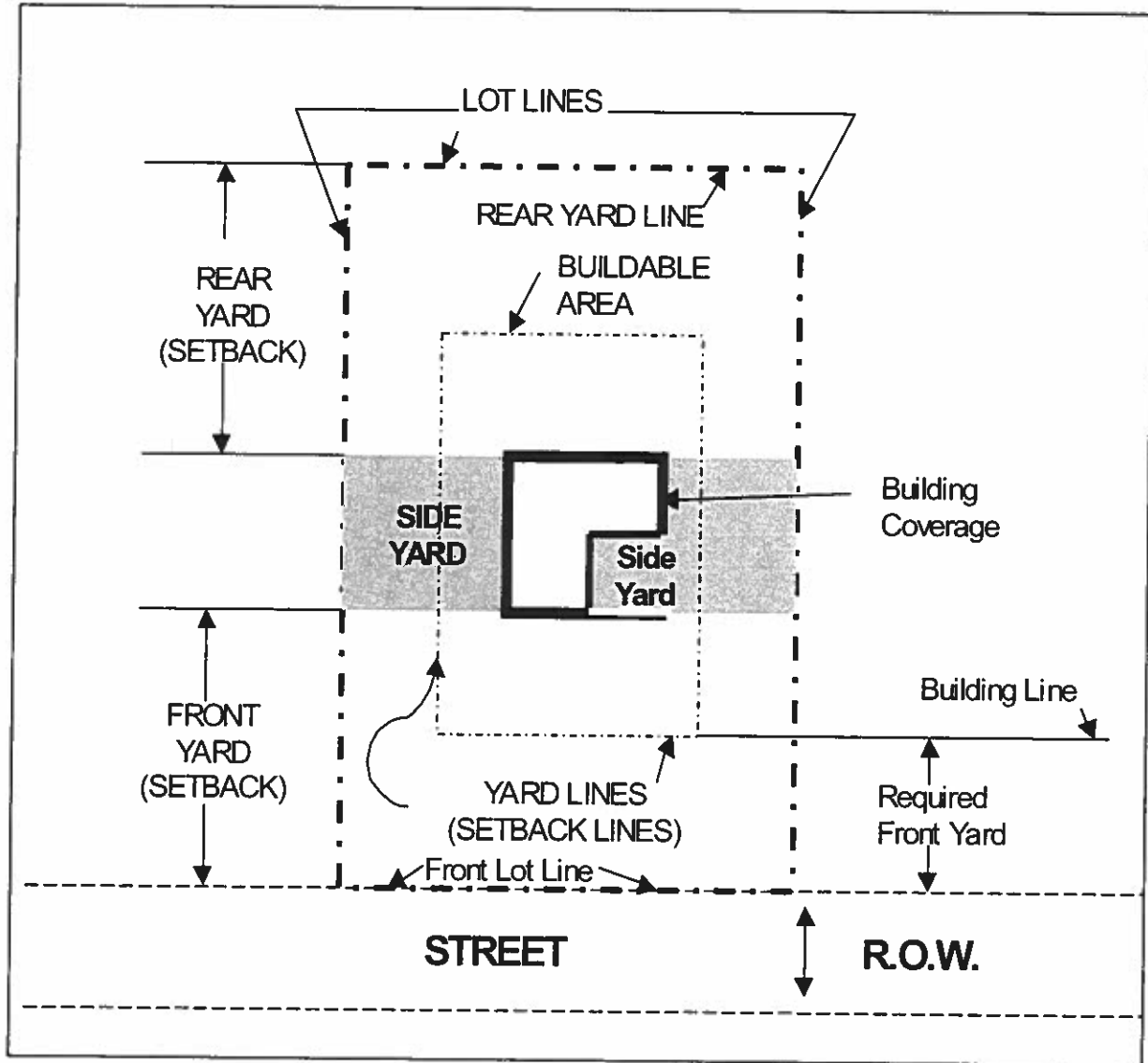
Steps and heating and cooling units may project into a required yard a distance not to exceed 5 feet but no closer than three feet of a property line.

Section 7.3 Measurements

1. Yards, Setbacks, Buildable Area

The required front, side, and rear yards for individual lots, as set forth for by Table 2 shall be measured inward toward the center of said lot from all points along the respective front, side, and rear property lines of the lot. Once the yard areas of a given lot have been established, the remaining area of the lot which is not included in any required front, side, or rear lot shall

be known as the "buildable" area within which the approved structure(s) shall be placed.



2. Height

The height of a building or structure shall be measured from the base of the structure to the highest point of the building or structure.

Section 7.4 Number of Principal Buildings/Uses on a Lot

No more than one single-family dwelling, residentially designed manufactured home or duplex shall be allowed on a single lot or parcel.

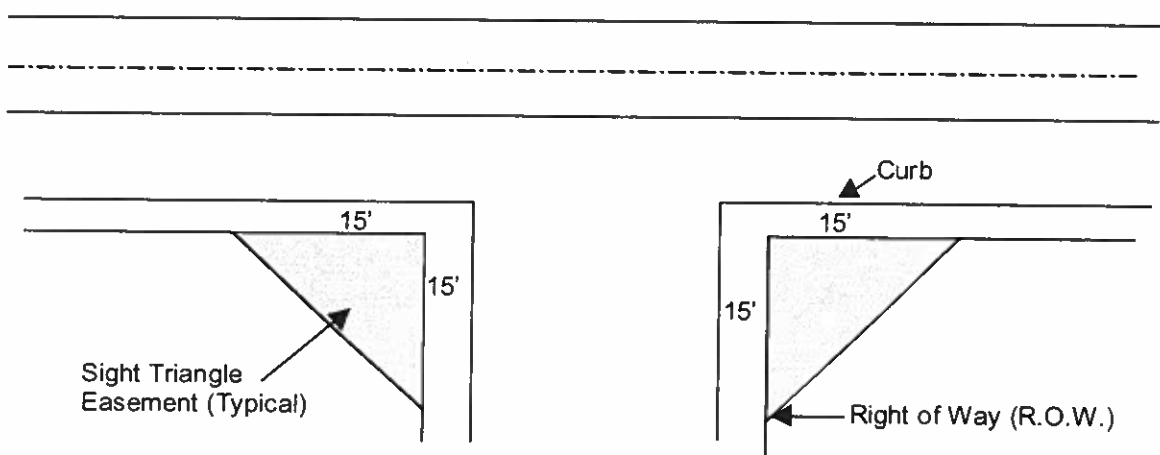
There is no limit on the number of other principal buildings or uses; provided all setback and other applicable requirements of this Ordinance are met.

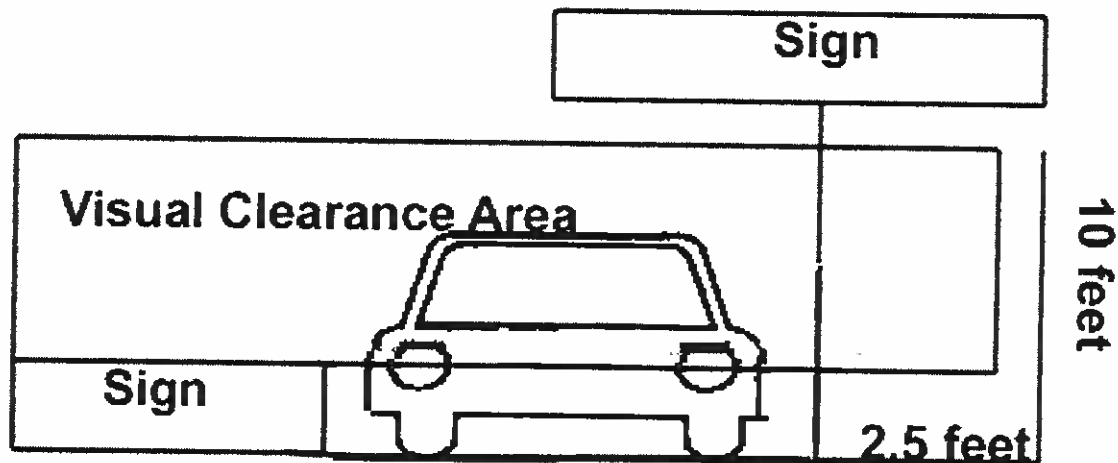
Section 7.5 Visibility at Intersections

On any corner lot in any district, no planting shall be placed or maintained and no fence, building, wall, or other structure shall be constructed at any point between a height of two and a half (2 ½) feet and ten (10) feet above the upper face of the nearest curb (or street center line if no curb exists) and within the triangular area bounded on two sides by the street right-of-way lines and on the third side by a straight line connecting points on the two street right-of-way lines as required by the following vision clearance illustrations. However, poles and support structures less than 12" in diameter may be permitted in such areas.

Vision Clearance Illustration

Sight Triangles





Section 7.6 Accessory Buildings and Uses

Section 7.6-1 Accessory Uses to Observe Required Setbacks

Unless specifically provided herein, accessory uses and structures shall observe all required setbacks, yard, and other requirements applicable to the principal building or use for the district within which they are located.

Section 7.6-2 Requirements Applicable to All Accessory Uses

1. If located within the buildable area, accessory buildings shall observe the height limits for the district within which they are located. If located in a required setback area, said buildings shall not exceed 12 feet in height.
2. No accessory building may be located in a required front yard. Where an accessory building is erected in the required rear yard on a corner lot, it shall not be located closer to any street than the required front yard distance.
3. No accessory use shall occupy any part of a buffer area.

Section 7.6-3 Requirements Applicable To Specific Accessory Uses

Requirements applicable to Specific Accessory Uses are as follows:

1. Off-Street Parking and Loading Space

Paved off-street parking and loading spaces, not to include parking structures, are permitted in all required yards and setback areas, but no closer than 5 feet to a residential property line and two feet to any other property line.

2. Free-Standing Signs

Free-standing signs are permitted in all required yards, but no closer than 5 feet of a property line.

3. Buildings, Sheds, and Structures for Dry Storage; Greenhouses

Building sheds and structures for dry storage and greenhouses may be located in rear yard setback areas only, but no closer than 3 feet to a residential property line.

4. Domestic Animal Shelters and Pens

Domestic animal shelters and pens may be located in rear yard setback areas only, but no closer than 10 feet from any side or rear residential property line.

5. Swimming Pools, Tennis Courts, Recreational Uses

These uses may be located in required rear and side yard setback areas only; provided said uses shall be no closer than 10 feet to the nearest property line, and shall have all lighting shielded or directed away from adjoining residences.

6. Ground Supported Communication and Reception Antennas

These uses may be located in required rear and side yards only, but no closer than 5' to the property line, and if located in the buildable area shall not extend or be located in front of any principal building.

7. Fences and Walls

Fences and walls are allowed within required yards and setback areas, and may extend to the property line; provided

that when located within a required front yard in a Residential District, fences and walls in excess of 4.0' in height must be of decorative nature and open design. A chain link fence in excess of 4.0' is prohibited in the front yard.

Section 7.7 Nonconformities

Section 7.7-1 Continuation

Nonconforming uses, buildings, or structures are declared by this Ordinance to be incompatible with permitted construction in the districts in which they are located.

However, to avoid undue hardship, the lawful use of any such use, building, or structure at the time of the enactment, amendment, or revision of this Ordinance may be continued (Grand Fathered) even though such use, building, or structure does not conform with the provisions of this Ordinance.

Section 7.7-2 Modification

A proposed change or modification of a nonconforming use shall be governed by the following:

1. Change of Nonconforming Use

Change of an existing nonconforming use to another nonconforming use shall not be permitted.

2. Enlargement or Expansion of Nonconforming Use

Enlargement or expansion of a nonconforming building or structure shall be permitted; provided such enlargement shall meet all applicable setbacks, buffer area, and off-street parking requirements for the district within which it is located.

3. Repair or alteration of Nonconforming Use, Building, or Structure

The repair or alteration of a nonconforming use shall in no way increase the nonconformity of said use, except as otherwise permitted by Subsection 2 above.

4. Replacement of Nonconforming Use

A building permit for the replacement of a nonconforming building or structure where damaged or destroyed must be initiated within 6 months of the time of the damage or destruction or forfeit the right of replacement.

Replacement, if initiated within 6 months of the time of damage or destruction, shall adhere to all applicable requirements of Table 2. Replacement of a nonconforming mobile or manufactured home once removed from a lot or parcel shall be accomplished within 30 days of removal or forfeit nonconforming status, and if replaced shall not infringe on established setbacks, and shall meet in full the requirements of Section 3.4 of this Ordinance.

Section 7.7-3 Discontinuance

No building or portion thereof used in whole or in part for a nonconforming use which remains idle or unused for a continuous period of six months, whether or not the equipment or fixtures are removed, shall again be used except in conformity with the regulations of the district in which such building or land is located.

Section 7.7-4 Existing Lot of Record

Where the owner of a lot of record at the time of the adoption of this ordinance does not own sufficient land to meet the setback requirements of this Ordinance, such lot may nonetheless be used as a building site provided applicable setback requirements are not reduced by more than 20%. Setback reductions greater than 20% shall be referred to the Board of Zoning Appeals for consideration. If, however, the owner of two or more adjoining lots with insufficient land dimensions decides to build on or sell off these lots, they must first be combined to comply with the dimensional requirements of this Ordinance.

Section 7.8 Erosion and Sediment Control

No development shall be undertaken that directly or indirectly increases the erosion of land or its potential for erosion.

(1) Existing Uncovered Areas

All uncovered areas not actively being developed on the effective date of this Ordinance, which resulted from previous land disturbing development activities, and which exceed one contiguous acre, and are causing offsite visual evidence of erosion or sedimentation, shall be provided with a ground cover or other protective measures sufficient to restrain accelerated erosion and control off-site sedimentation.

(2) Erosion Control During Construction

The developer shall take all reasonable measures to reduce soil loss and contain sediment during construction. Exposed soil shall be stabilized within one (1) month of exposure.

(3) Ground Cover Requirements

To help retain sediment generated by land-disturbing development activities within the boundaries of the development tract, the developer shall plant or otherwise provide a permanent ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion within thirty (30) calendar days following completion of such development.

(4) Construction of Buffer Strips

No land-disturbing activity except recreational uses with grasses and other vegetation shall be permitted in proximity to a water body unless a vegetated strip is provided along the margin of the watercourse of sufficient width to prevent sediment from leaving the site and entering the watercourse. The strip shall be inspected for approval by the Zoning Administrator.

(5) Graded Slopes and Fills

The angle for graded slopes and fills on sites meeting the requirements of this section shall be no greater than the angle which can be retained by vegetative cover or other adequate erosion control devices or structures. In any event, slopes left exposed shall be stabilized sufficiently to restrain erosion within thirty (30) calendar days of completion of any phase of grading.

ARTICLE 8

ESTABLISHMENT, POWERS AND DUTIES OF OFFICIALS, COMMISSIONS AND BOARDS RESPONSIBLE FOR ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ORDINANCE

Section 8.1 Zoning Administrator

The Zoning Administrator is hereby designated and duly charged with the authority to administer and enforce the provisions of this Ordinance.

The Zoning Administrator shall accept and examine all applications for construction, land use or reuse, and shall issue permits where such applications are in accord with the provisions of this Ordinance and applicable building codes. He shall direct parties in conflict with this Ordinance, and cause to be kept records and files of any and all matters referred to him.

If the Zoning Administrator finds that any one of the provisions of this Ordinance is being violated, he shall notify in writing the person responsible for such violation, indicating the nature of the violation and ordering the action necessary to correct it. He shall order discontinuance of illegal use of land, buildings, or structures; removal of illegal buildings or structures or of illegal additions, alterations, or structural changes; discontinuance of any illegal work being done; and shall take any other action authorized by this Ordinance to ensure compliance with or to prevent violation of its provisions.

Section 8.2 Planning Commission

Section 8.2-1 Establishment

The Estill Planning Commission is hereby established under the provisions of the S.C. Code, §6-29-320.

Section 8.2-2 Powers and Duties of the Planning Commission

The Planning Commission shall have the powers and duties provided in S.C. Code Section 6-29-310, et seq.

Section 8.2-3 Composition of the Commission

The Planning Commission shall consist of five (5) members appointed by Town Council for overlapping terms of four years.

To the extent possible, membership should be representative of the racial and gender composition of the Town, and represent a broad cross section of the interests and concerns of the Town. No member shall be the holder of an elected public office in the Town of Estill.

Members shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Section 8.2- 4 Removal of Members

Members of the Planning Commission may be removed at any time by Town Council for cause. The existence of cause shall be discussed by the Council in executive session as permitted by the Freedom of Information Act, S.C. Code, §30-4-70(a)(1), and the determination of removal shall be by vote in public session declaring a vacancy in the position without a statement of cause. Any fact which, in the discretion of Council, is deemed to adversely affect the public interest, including lack of attendance at meetings, may constitute cause.

Section 8.2- 5 Organization and Rules of Procedure

The Planning Commission shall organize, elect officers, and adopt rules of procedure as required by S.C. Code, §6-29-360.

Section 8.3 Zoning Board of Appeals (ZBA)

Section 8.3- 1 Establishment

The Zoning Board of Appeals is hereby reestablished as authorized under the S. C. Code of Laws Code, § 6-29-780. Said Board shall consist of five (5) members, who shall be citizens of the Town of Estill and shall be appointed by the Town Council for overlapping terms of three (3) years. Any vacancy in the membership shall be filled for the remainder of the term in the same manner as the original appointment. Members shall serve without pay but may be reimbursed for any expenses incurred while representing the Board.

Section 83-2 Proceedings

The Zoning Board of Appeals shall elect a chairman and a vice-chairman from its members who shall serve for one (1) year or until re-elected and appoint a secretary, who may be a municipal Officer, an employee of the Town, or a member of the Zoning Board of Appeals. The Board shall adopt rules and by-laws in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and of the General Statutes of South Carolina, Title 6, Chapter 29, Article 5, Code of Laws of S.C., 1976 as amended. Meetings of the Board shall be held at the call of the Chairman and at such other times as the Board may determine. All meetings of the Board shall be open to the public.

Section 8.3- 3 Decisions

The concurring vote of at least three (3) members of the Zoning Board of Appeals shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision or determination of the Zoning Administrator or to decide in favor of the applicant on any matter upon which it is required to pass under this Ordinance or to affect any variation of this Ordinance. The Board shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact, and shall keep records of its examinations and other official actions, all of which shall be immediately filed in the office of the Board and shall be public record. On all appeals, applications and matters brought before the Zoning Board of Appeals, the Board shall inform in writing all the parties involved in its decisions and reasons thereof.

Section 8.3- 4 Appeals, Notice, Hearing

Appeals to the Board may be taken by any person aggrieved or by an officer, department, board or bureau of the Town. Such appeal shall be taken within thirty (30) days from the date that the decision is rendered, as provided by the rules of the Board, by filing with the Zoning Administrator and with the Zoning Board of Appeals notice of said appeal specifying the grounds thereof. The Zoning Administrator shall forthwith transmit to the Board all papers constituting the record upon which the action appealed from was taken.

An appeal stays all legal proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed

from, unless the Zoning Administrator certifies to the Board, after the notice of appeal shall have been filed with him, that by reason of facts stated in the certificate a stay would, in his opinion, cause imminent peril to life and property. In such case, proceedings shall not be stayed otherwise than by a restraining order which may be granted by the Board or by a court of record on application, on notice to the officer from whom the appeal is taken and on due cause shown.

The Board shall hold a public hearing and establish a reasonable time for the hearing of the appeal or other matter referred to it and give public notice thereof, as well as due notice to the parties in interest and decide the same within a reasonable time. Notice of the time and place of the public hearing shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town at least fifteen (15) days in advance of the scheduled hearing date. At the hearing any party may appear in person or by agent or attorney. Notice shall also be posted on the affected property, with at least one such notice being visible from each public thoroughfare that abuts the property.

It is the intention of this Ordinance that all questions arising in connection with the enforcement of the Ordinance shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator and that questions shall be presented to the Zoning Board of Appeals only on appeal from the decision of the Zoning Administrator.

Section 8.3- 5 Powers and Duties

The Zoning Board of Appeals shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) To hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is error in any order, requirement, decision, or determination by the Zoning Administrator in the enforcement of this Ordinance.
- (2) To hear and decide appeals for variance from the requirements of the zoning ordinance when strict application of the provision of the ordinance would result in unnecessary hardship. A variance may be granted in an individual case of unnecessary hardship if the board makes and explains in writing the following findings:
 1. There are extraordinary and exceptional conditions pertaining to the particular piece of property;

2. These conditions do not generally apply to other property in the vicinity;
3. Because of these conditions, the application of the ordinance to the particular piece of property would effectively prohibit or unreasonably restrict the utilization of the property;
4. The authorization of a variance will not be of substantial detriment to adjacent property or to the public good, and
5. the character of the district will not be harmed by the granting of the variance.

The board may not grant a variance the effect of which would be to allow the establishment of a use not otherwise permitted in a zoning district, to extend physically a nonconforming use of land, or to change the zoning district boundaries shown on the official zoning map. The fact that property may be utilized more profitably, should a variance be granted, may not be considered grounds for a variance.

Where an application for a variance is within a Flood Hazard Area, the Board, in addition to the above, shall consider the following in its deliberations:

1. the danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;
2. the danger to life and property due to flooding or erosion damage;
3. the susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage;
4. the importance of the services provided by the proposed facility;
5. the necessity of the facility to a waterfront location, in the

case of a functionally dependent facility;

6. the availability of alternative locations, not subject to flooding or erosion damage;
 7. the safety of access to the property in times of flood;
 8. the expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, and sediment transport of flood waters; and
 9. the costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions including maintenance and repair of public utilities.
- (3) All final decisions and orders of the board must be in writing and be permanently filed in Town Hall as a public record. All findings of fact and conclusions of law must be separately stated in final decisions or orders of the board, which must be delivered to parties of interest by certified mail.
- (4) In exercising the above powers, the Zoning Board of Appeals may, in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance, reverse or affirm, wholly or in part, or may modify the order, requirements, decision, or determination and to that end shall have all the powers of the Zoning Administrator from whom the appeal is taken and may issue or direct the issuance of a permit. The Board, in execution of the duties for which appointed, may subpoena witnesses and in case of contempt may certify such fact to the Circuit Court having jurisdiction.

1. Building activity not specifically exempt by this ordinance.
2. Changing the use of any part of a structure or lot, including any increase in the number of families or dwelling units occupying a building or lot.
3. Installation of any sign for which a permit is required.
4. The establishment of a temporary use.

No building, structure or land shall be used; nor shall any building, structure or land be converted, wholly or in part to any other use, until all applicable and appropriate licenses, certificates and permits have been issued certifying compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance and related codes and regulations.

No permits inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance shall be issued unless accompanied by an approved variance.

The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the necessary construction, replacement or maintenance by a public utility of its outside plant facilities, including such items as poles, crossarms, guys, wire, cable and drops.

Section 9.5 Types of Required Permits

One or more of the following permits shall be required in advance of any land alteration or development in the Town of Estill:

Building Permit
Sign Permit
Occupancy Permit
Grading Permit

Failure to obtain a required permit shall be a violation of this Ordinance, and punishable under Section 9.18.

Section 9.6 Building Permits

A building permit shall be required of all proposed building and/or development activity unless expressly exempt by the Town Building Code.

ARTICLE 9

ADMINISTRATION, APPLICATION AND REQUIRED PERMITS

Section 9.1 Purpose

This Article sets forth the procedures required for obtaining building permits, sign permits, and certificates of occupancy. It also defines the duties, powers, and limitations of officials, departments, commissions, boards, and other groups, which are or may be involved in the administration and enforcement of this Ordinance.

Section 9.2 Responsibility

All requests for permits and licenses required by this Ordinance, and legislative change of relief from the terms of this Ordinance shall be in the form of an application. The provisions of this Article shall govern the basic requirements for processing different types of applications from initiation to final action and issuance of a permit.

It shall be the responsibility of the Zoning Administrator or his designee to administer the requirements for processing applications and issuing permits in accord with the provisions of this Ordinance.

It shall be the responsibility of an applicant to provide the required information to process a permit application, secure or renew a license, and present facts about circumstances which would justify a proposed change or modification to the terms and/or application of this Ordinance.

Section 9.3 Building and Development Application Requirements and Fees

All building and development applications shall be filed on forms provided by the Town and be accompanied by a required processing fee. A schedule of required fees is available at Town Hall.

Section 9.4 Required Permits

No building or development activity, including the following, shall be commenced until all required permits have been issued:

Section 9.7 Sign Permits

Where a sign permit is required by Article 5 of this Ordinance, the permit application shall be accompanied by the following:

1. Identification of landowner and/or leaseholder of property on which the sign is to be erected, including street address.
2. Name and address of owner of the sign.
3. Site plan sketch with dimensions (non-professionally drafted plan is acceptable) showing the location of the sign with respect to the property and right-of-way lines, building and setback lines, and buildings, parking areas, existing free-standing signs, and buffer areas.
4. Correct size, shape, configuration, face area, height, nature, number, and type of sign to be erected, including the size of letters and graphics.
5. The value of the sign and sign structure.
6. Signs exceeding thirty-six (36) square feet in area shall be accompanied by a drawing and written certification from a registered South Carolina engineer or architect that the sign is structurally sound and safe, does not constitute a hazard to persons or property on the premises, on adjoining property, or in the vicinity, and that the sign is in compliance with all building or other construction codes and the requirements of this Ordinance.
7. The Zoning Administrator may waive any of the informational requirements listed above deemed unnecessary to process an application.

Section 9.8 Occupancy Permits

It shall be unlawful to use or occupy or permit the use of occupancy of any building or premises, or both, or parts thereof hereafter created, erected, changed, converted, or wholly or partly altered or enlarged in its use of

structure until an Occupancy Permit has been issued stating that the proposed use of the building or land conforms to the requirements of this Ordinance and the Town Building code.

Section 9.9 Grading Permits

A grading permit shall be required prior to any land disturbing activity covered by the South Carolina Stormwater Management and Sediment Reduction Regulations, which regulations are hereby adopted by reference and made a part of this Ordinance.

Section 9.10 Inspections for Compliance

The Zoning Administrator may make or require inspections of any land disturbing activity, construction or maintenance requirement to ascertain compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance and to ascertain compliance with approved permit applications, plats, plans, and/or certificates.

Section 9.11 Expiration of Permits

If the work described in any building or sign permit has not begun within one year from the date of issuance thereof, said permit shall expire. It shall be canceled and written notice thereof shall be given to the owner/developer, unless extended by the Zoning Administrator upon application by the owner/developer.

Section 9.12 Complaints Regarding Violations

Whenever a violation of this Ordinance occurs, or is alleged to have occurred, the Zoning Administrator shall record and investigate such complaint, and take such action as provided by this Ordinance. Complaints may be filed in writing or verbally, stating fully the cause and basis thereof.

Section 9.13 Penalties for Violations

Where any building, structure, or sign is erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, converted or maintained, or any building, structure, sign, or land is used in violation of this Ordinance, the Zoning Administrator may in accord with the provisions of Section 56-7-80 of the South Carolina

Code of Laws 1976, as amended, issue an ordinance summons, or institute injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate action or proceeding to prevent such unlawful activity; to correct or abate the violation or to prevent the occupancy of the building, structure, or land.

Any person violating any provision of this Ordinance shall upon conviction be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined as determined by the court for each offense. Each day such unlawful erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, conversion, maintenance, or use continues shall be deemed a separate offense.

Section 9.14 Vested Right

1. Definition

'Vested right' means the right to undertake and complete the development of property under the terms and conditions provided in this Article.

2. Duration

A vested right is established for two years upon the approval of a permit by the Zoning Administrator, and/or Town Council.

A vested right may be extended at the end of the vesting period for an additional 12 months upon request by the applicant and a determination by the permitting agent that there is just cause for extension and that the public interest is not adversely affected.

A validly issued building permit does not expire or is not revoked upon expiration of a vested right, except for public safety reasons or as prescribed by the applicable building code.

3. Amendment

A vested right may be amended Town Council pursuant to the provisions of this ordinance.

4. Revocation

A vested right is subject to revocation by Town Council upon determination, after notice and public hearing, that there was a material misrepresentation by the landowner or substantial noncompliance with the terms and conditions of the original or amended approval.

5. Applicability of Other Regulations

A vested right is subject to later enacted federal, state, or local laws adopted to protect public health, safety, and welfare including, but not limited to, building, fire, plumbing, electrical, and mechanical codes and nonconforming structure and use regulations which do not provide for the grandfathering of the vested right. The issuance of a building permit vests the specific construction project authorized by the building permit to the building, fire, plumbing, electrical, and mechanical codes in force at the time of the issuance of the building permit;

A change in the zoning district designation or land use regulations made subsequent to vesting that affect real property does not operate to affect, prevent, or delay development of the real property under a vested right without consent of the landowner;

6. Vested Right to Run with Property

A vested right pursuant to this section is not a personal right, but attaches to and runs with the applicable real property. The landowner and all successors to the landowner who secure a vested right pursuant to this Section may rely upon and exercise the vested right for its duration subject to applicable federal, state, and local laws adopted to protect public health, safety, and welfare including, but not limited to, building, fire, plumbing, electrical, and mechanical codes and nonconforming structure and use regulations which do not provide for the grandfathering of the vested right. This Section does not preclude judicial determination that a vested right exists pursuant to other statutory provisions. This Section does not affect the provisions of a development agreement executed pursuant to the South Carolina Local Government Development Agreement Act in Chapter 31 of Title 6.

Section 9.15 Applications for Change or Relief from Provisions of Ordinance

Types of applications for processing requests for change or relief from the requirements of this Ordinance include:

1. **Amendment** – is a change to the text or map of the Ordinance.

2. **Variance** - is an adjustment or modification of any regulation alleged to impose on unnecessary hardship on the use or development of land.
3. **Appeal** – is a petition by an applicant to reverse or modify a decision of an administrative officer, board, commission or council.

Section 9.16 Eligible Applicants

Parties and individuals required and/or eligible to initiate an application to utilize land for purposes and activities regulated by this Ordinance, or to seek relief from or change requirements of this Ordinance are identified on Table 5.

Parties not listed may petition the Planning Commission and/or Council to initiate a change, but the petitioned party is not bound to act on behalf of the petitioner.

Table 5 Applicant Requirements/Eligibility				
	Applicants for Change and/or Relief From Ordinance Requirements			
Eligible Applicants	Amendment Text	Map	Variance	Appeal
Property Owners	NO	YES	YES	YES
Agent of Property Owner	NO	YES	YES	YES
Option Holder	NO	YES	NO	NO
Aggrieved Person or Party	NO	NO	NO	YES
Zoning Administrator	YES	YES	NO	NO
Planning Commission	YES	YES	NO	YES
Town Council	YES	YES	YES	YES

Section 9.17 Application Procedures For Change or Relief

Step 1. Administrative Examination

Upon receipt of an application, the Zoning Administrator shall examine it for completeness, and shall, within ten (10) days, either return the application for additional information or forward it to the responsible governmental authority for review and action.

Step 2. Public Notice

All Applications

Public notice shall include announcing the application for change or relief in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town of Estill at least 15 days prior to the time the application is scheduled for a public hearing. The notice shall state the nature of the change and the time, date, and place of the hearing.

Application for Zoning Map Change

In addition to the above, notice of an application for a map change (amendment) shall include posting the affected property. Such notice shall be posted at least 15 days prior to the hearing and shall indicate the nature of the change proposed, identification of the property affected, and time, date, and place of the hearing.

Application for a Variance

In addition to public notice in a newspaper of general circulation, notice of an application for a variance shall be given to all parties of interest.

Step 3. Public Hearing

The Town Council shall conduct a public hearing on all applications for change involving the text of the Zoning Ordinance and the Zoning Map.

The Estill Zoning Board of Appeals (ZBA) shall conduct a public hearing on all applications for relief involving variances and appeals.

Step 4. Review and Action

By The Planning Commission

1. The Planning Commission shall act on a completed application within forty-five (45) days after receipt thereof (1) to defer not more than 30 days or (2) to recommend either denial or approval. The decision shall be determined by a majority of

those voting. Failure to act within said time frame shall constitute a recommendation of approval.

2. The Commission shall evaluate the proposed amendment and prepare a report relative to the following:
 - a. How it relates to and affects the Comprehensive Plan.
 - b. Changes in conditions since the adoption of the Plan or Ordinance.
 - c. The need to correct an error or deficiency in the Ordinance or the Plan.
 - d. Any benefits which would be derived from the amendment.
 - e. Any cost to the government generated by the amendment in terms of expenditures for public improvements, facilities, and services.

The Commission shall forward its report, together with a recommendation, to Town Council for final action.

By the Town Council

Estill Town Council shall consider the recommendation of the Planning Commission and vote to approve, deny, or modify the proposed amendment, refer it back to the Planning Commission for further study, or take other action as it may deem necessary.

By the Zoning Board of Appeals

Applications for a variance shall be evaluated by the Zoning Board of Appeals in accord with the conditions prescribed by Section 9.3-5 of this ordinance.

Step 5. Notification

All applicants for change or relief from the provisions of this Ordinance shall be notified in writing of final action.

An approved amendment by Town Council shall become effective immediately after such adoption and any such amendment to the zoning map(s) shall be made by the Zoning Administrator within seven days thereafter.

An approved variance or appeal shall be accompanied by an order of the Zoning Board of Appeals to direct the issuance of a permit.

Step 6. Appeals

Any person who may have a substantial interest in any decision of the Board of Zoning Appeals or Town Council may appeal the decision to Circuit Court in and for the County of Hampton by filing with the Clerk of said Court a petition in writing setting forth plainly, fully and distinctly wherein such decision is contrary to law, or where land is the subject of a decision, by filing a notice of appeal with the circuit court accompanied by a request for pre-litigation mediation in accordance with Section 6-29-825 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina. Such appeal shall be filed within thirty (30) days after a decision of the respective body has been rendered.

Step 7. Consideration of Denied Applications

Neither the Planning Commission, Town Council, nor the Board of Zoning Appeals shall reconsider an application for change or relief to the same lot, parcel or portion thereof, within a period of one year from the date of final determination and notification.

ARTICLE 10

DEFINITIONS

Words not defined herein shall have the meanings stated in the Standard Building Code, Standard Plumbing Code, Standard Gas Code or Standard Fire Prevention Code. Words not defined in the Standard Codes shall have the meanings in Webster's Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary, as revised.

Words in the present tense include the future tense. Words used in the singular include the plural, and words used in the plural include the singular.

The word "shall" is always mandatory.

The word "may" is permissive.

The word "lot" includes the word "plot" or "parcel".

The word "person" includes a firm, association, organization, partnership, trust company, or corporation, as well as an individual.

The word "used" or "occupied" as applied to any land or building shall be construed to imply that said land or building is in actual use or occupancy and shall be construed to include the words "intended," "arranged," or "designed to be used or occupied". An intended project shall be defined as one where substantial monies have been spent towards the goal of the project.

The word "map" or "zoning map" shall mean the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Estill, South Carolina.

The term "Planning Commission" refers to the Planning Commission for the Town of Estill. The term Council, Mayor and Council, or Town Council shall mean the legally elected governing body of the Town of Estill. The term "Zoning Board of Appeals" refers to the Zoning Board of Appeals for the Town of Estill.

Animal Shelter, Domestic - A pen, shelter, or structure where no more than three dogs or small domestic animals, not to include horses, cows, goats, swine including pot bellied pigs, sheep, ponies, grazing animals and fowl of any kind, are boarded or kept.

Buildable Area - That portion of any lot which may be used or built upon in accordance with the regulations governing the zoning district within which the lot is located when the front, side and rear yard, open space, and applicable buffer area requirements have been met.

Building - Any structure having a roof supported by columns or walls and intended for the shelter, housing or enclosure of persons or property.

Building, Accessory - A subordinate structure on the same lot and detached from the principal or main building or use occupied or devoted to a use incidental to the principal use. Included in this definition are private garages, storage sheds, workshops, domestic animal shelters, pool houses, etc., when detached from the principal building, and carports attached to the principal building when at least 75 percent open or unenclosed.

Building, Principal - A building in which is conducted, or in which is intended to be conducted, the main or principal use of the lot on which it is located.

Canopy Tree - A deciduous tree that forms the top layer of vegetation in a forest. Examples of such trees include oaks, hickories, maples, poplars, and others.

Day Care Services - Day care services shall mean and include any home, center, agency or place, however styled, where children, elderly, handicapped or other persons not related to the operator are received for custodial care, whether for compensation, reward, or otherwise during part of or all day or night and upon any number of successive days or nights.

Conditional Use - A use of land or structure which is permitted in a district under conditions specified in the zoning ordinance.

Density - The number of dwelling units per acre of land developed or used for residential purposes. Unless otherwise clearly stated, density requirements in this Ordinance are expressed in dwelling units per net

acre; that is, per acre of land devoted to residential use and common open space exclusive of land utilized for streets, parks, playgrounds, school grounds, or other public uses.

Developed Lot - Any lot or parcel containing over \$20,000 in improvements, other than a sign.

Dwelling - A building or portion of a building arranged or designed exclusively for human habitation.

Dwelling, Apartment - (See dwelling, multi-family)

Dwelling, Detached - A single dwelling unit surrounded by open space or yards and which is not attached to any other dwelling by any means.

Dwelling, Duplex - A building containing two dwelling units.

Dwelling, Group Occupied - A dwelling unit occupied by five (5) or more individuals unrelated by blood, marriage, adoption, or guardianship living together as a single housekeeping unit.

Dwelling, Manufactured Home - A factory built home built after the enactment of and bearing a label of compliance with the Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards Act, effective June 15, 1976 (HUD Code).

Dwelling, Multi-Family - A building containing three (3) or more dwelling units.

Dwelling, Patio House - A single-family detached or semi-detached dwelling unit. It is built on a small lot generally enclosed by walls which provide privacy. The term is synonymous with zero lot line dwellings.

Dwelling, Residential Designed Manufactured Home - A single-family dwelling unit built according to the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards (245 CFR 3280) HUD Code, 6-15-76, and which:

- a. Has a minimum width over 20 feet (multiple-section);
- b. Has a minimum of 900 square feet of enclosed living area;

- c. Has a minimum 3:12 roof pitch; and has a type of shingle commonly used in standard residential construction;
- d. Is covered with an exterior material customarily used on site built homes, including vinyl or aluminum lap siding, wood, masonite, or other materials similar to the exterior siding commonly used in standard residential construction; and
- e. Has a roof overhang of not less than eight (8) inches.

Dwelling, Single-Family - A building containing one dwelling unit.

Dwelling, Standard Designed Manufactured Home - A single family dwelling unit built according to the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards (24 CFR 3280) HUD Code, 6-15-76, and which does not meet the definition of a *Residential Designed Manufactured Home*.

Dwelling, Townhouse - A series of attached dwelling units on separate lots, which may or may not have a common roof and are separated from each other by common vertical walls.

Dwelling Unit - A single unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one or more persons including permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation.

Dwelling, Zero Lot Line - A zero lot line dwelling is a single-family detached unit which instead of being centered on a lot, is placed against at least one of the side lot lines. The term is synonymous with patio house.

Family - One or more persons related by blood, marriage, adoption or guardianship, and not more than four (4) persons not so related, except that nine (9) mentally or physically handicapped persons for whom care is provided on a 24-hour basis shall be construed to be a family, in accord with the provisions of 6-7-830 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, including approval or licensing of the home in which they are located by a state agency for that purpose.

Family Day Care Home - A family day care home is one in which care is given by a family member and no others during the day only for one and not more than 12 children, including the day care parents' own children.

Flag - Any fabric, banner, or bunting containing distinctive colors, patterns, or symbols, used as a symbol of a government, political subdivision, or other entity.

Garage, Private - (As defined by the Standard Building Code.)

Home Occupation - Any occupation conducted for gain within a dwelling by a member or members of the family residing in the dwelling.

Junk and/or Salvage - Any materials consisting of waste, discarded or salvage matter which is bought, sold, exchanged, stored, baled, packed or disassembled for profit, trade or hire, and shall include any vehicle damaged so as not to comply with state or federal safety regulations, incapable of self-propulsion or partially dismantled if retained on the premises for more than seventy-two (72) hours whether for repair or not. The term junk shall also mean, but not be limited to old or scrap copper, brass, aluminum, rope, rags, paper, trash, tire carcasses, rubber debris, old vehicle parts, non-working major appliances, and other old ferrous or non-ferrous material.

Junk and/or Salvage Yard - Any premises where salvage or junk as defined herein are found and have been permitted to remain with the consent of the owner, lessee, or person(s) responsible for maintenance of such premises.

Lot - A parcel of land considered as a unit. The terms "lot", "lot of record", "property", or "tract", whenever used in this Ordinance are interchangeable.

Lot, Corner - A lot located at the intersection of two or more streets.

Lot of Record - A lot, the boundaries of which are filed as legal record.

Lot Area - The area contained within the boundary line of a lot.

Lot Line - A line bounding a lot which divides one lot from another or from a street or any other public or private space.

Manufactured Home Park - A lot or parcel with space, improvements and utilities for the long-term parking of two (2) or more mobile or manufactured homes which may include services and facilities for the residents.

Mini Warehouses - A building containing separate, individual self-storage units divided from the floor to the ceiling by a wall with an independent entrance from the exterior of the building, designed to be rented or leased on a short-term basis to the general public for private, dead storage of personal goods, materials and equipment. Shipping containers, whether attached or detached, shall not be permitted for use as mini warehouses.

Modular Building Unit or Modular Structure - Any building of closed construction, regardless of type of construction or occupancy classification, other than a mobile or manufactured home, constructed off-site in accordance with the applicable codes, and transported to the point of use for installation or erection. When meeting the requirements of the Modular Building's Construction Act (23-43-10 of the S. C. Code of Laws), said building unit or structure may be located in any of the Town's several zoning districts.

Nonconformity - A nonconformity is any lot of record, use, building, structure or vegetation in existence prior to the effective date of this Ordinance, but which fails, by reason of such adoption, revision or amendment, to conform to the present requirements of the Ordinance.

Non-residential Use - A principal use of land for other than residential purposes, i.e. commercial, industrial, institutional.

Parcel - A land area bounded by property lines that is recognized as such by the County Assessor's Office.

Adult Uses - For purposes of this Ordinance, adult uses shall mean and include the following:

- (1) **Adult Arcade.** Any place to which the public is permitted or invited wherein coin-operated or slug-operated or electronically, electrically, or mechanically controlled still or motion picture machines, projectors, or other image-producing devices are maintained to show images to five (5) or fewer persons per machine at any one time, and where the images so displayed are distinguished or characterized by the depicting or describing of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas".

(2) **Adult Bookstore or Adult Video Store.** A commercial establishment which, as one of its principal business purposes, offers for sale or rental for any form of consideration any one or more of the following:

a. Books, magazines, periodicals or other printed matter, or photographs, films, motion pictures, video cassettes or video reproductions, slides or other visual representations which depict or describe "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas"; or

b. Instruments, devices, or paraphernalia which are designed for use in connection with "specified sexual activities"

(3) **Adult Cabaret/Theatre.** A nightclub, bar, restaurant, theatre, or similar commercial establishment which regularly features:

Persons who appear in a state of nudity; or performances, which are characterized by the exposure of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities".

(4) **Adult Motel.** A hotel, motel or similar commercial establishment which offers accommodations to the public with closed-circuit television transmissions, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other photographic reproductions which are characterized by the depiction or description of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas".

(5) **Sexual Encounter Center.** A business or commercial enterprise that, as one of its primary business purposes, offers activities between male and female persons and/or persons of the same sex when one or more of the persons is in a state of nudity or seminude.

Sign - Any object, device, display or structure, or part thereof, situated outdoors or indoors, which is used to advertise, identify, display, direct or attract attention to an object, person, institution, organization, business, product, service, event or location by any means, including words, letters, figures, design, symbols, fixtures, colors, illumination or projected images. United States flags are not signs.

Sign, Abandoned - A sign structure not containing a sign for 120 continuous days or a sign not in use for 120 continuous days, or a sign advertising a business no longer occupying the site on which the sign exists or to which it refers.

Sign, Animated - Any sign that uses movement or change of lighting to depict action or creates a special effect or scene.

Sign, Awning, Canopy or Marquee - A sign that is mounted or painted on or attached to an awning, canopy or marquee.

Sign, Banner - Any sign of lightweight fabric or similar material that is permanently mounted to a pole or a building by a permanent frame at one or more edges. National flags, state or municipal flags, or the official flag of any institution or business shall not be considered banners.

Sign, Building - Any sign attached to any part of a building.

Sign, Changeable Copy - A sign or portion thereof with characters, letters or illustrations that can be changed or rearranged without altering the face or the surface of the sign. A sign on which the message changes more than eight times per day shall be considered an animated sign and not a changeable copy sign for purposes of this Ordinance.

Sign, Digital - A sign with electronic display that shows information, advertising and other messages, including LCD, LED, plasma displays, and projected images.

Sign, Face - The area or display surface used for the message.

Sign, Free-Standing - Any non movable sign not affixed to a building.

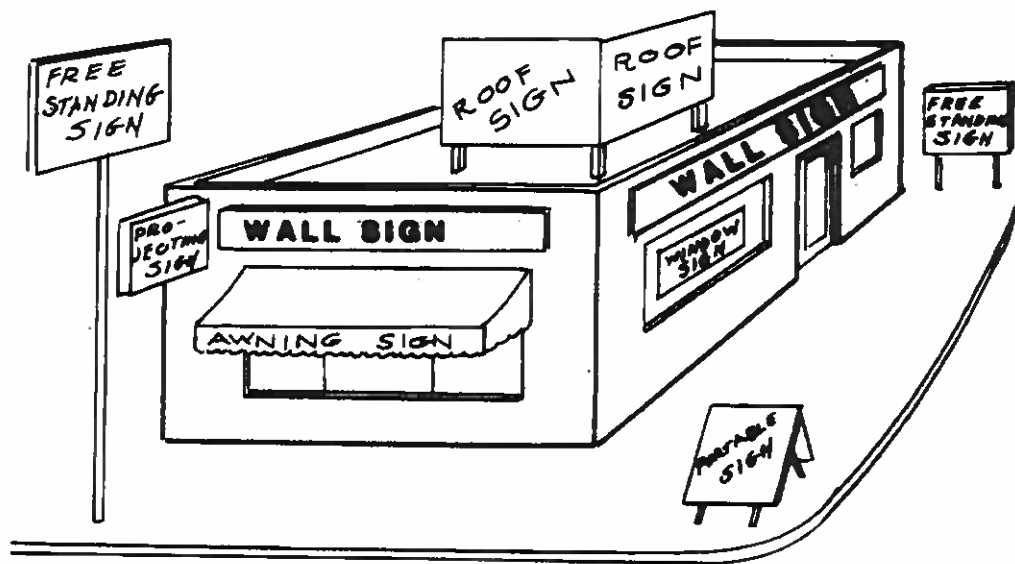
Sign, Incidental - A sign, generally informational, that has a purpose secondary to the use of the zone lot on which it is located, such as "no parking", "entrance", "loading only", "telephone", and other similar directives. No sign with a commercial message legible from a position off the zone lot on which the sign is located shall be considered incidental.

Sign, Monument - A freestanding sign erected to rest on the ground or to rest on a monument base designed as an architectural unit with the sign.

Sign, Pennant - Any lightweight plastic, fabric, or other material, whether or not containing a message of any kind, suspended from a rope, wire, or string, usually in series, designed to move in the wind.

Sign, Permanent - A sign attached to a building, structure or the ground in some manner and made of materials intended for more than short term use.

Sign, Political - A temporary sign announcing or supporting political candidates or issues in connection with any national, state or local election.



SIGN TYPES

Sign, Portable - A sign that is not permanently affixed to a building, structure or the ground.

Sign, Projecting - A sign that is wholly or partly dependent upon a building for support and which projects more than 12 inches from such building.

Sign, Roof - A sign that is mounted on the roof of a building or which is wholly dependent upon a building for support and which projects above the

point of a building with a flat roof, the eave line of a building with a gambrel, gable, or hip roof or the deck line of a building with a mansard roof.

Sign, Temporary - A sign that is used only for a short period of time and is not permanently mounted.

Sign, Wall - Any sign attached to and within six inches of a wall, painted on the wall surface, or erected and confined within the limits of an outside wall of any building or structure, which is supported by such wall or building, and which displays only one sign surface.

Sign, Window - A sign that is applied or attached to the exterior or interior of a window or located in such manner within a building that it can be seen from the exterior of the structure through a window.

Specified Anatomical Areas. The male genitals in a state of sexual arousal and/or the vulva or more intimate parts of the female genitals.

Specified Sexual Activities. Includes any of the following:

- (a) The fondling or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttocks, anus or female breasts;
- (b) Sex acts, normal or perverted, actual or simulated, including intercourse, oral copulation or sodomy;
- (c) Masturbation, actual or simulated; or
- (d) Excretory functions as part of or in connection with any of the activities set forth in a. through c. above.

Street - Any thoroughfare or space more than 18 feet in right-of-way width, which has been dedicated, deeded or designated for vehicular traffic, public or private.

Street, Arterial. A street with signals at important intersections and stop signs on side streets, and which collects and distributes traffic.

Street, Collector. A street that penetrates neighborhoods and collects and distributes traffic between lower order Residential Access Streets and higher order arteries.

Street, Residential Access. A street designed principally to provide vehicular access to abutting residential property.

Structure - (As defined by the Standard Building Code.)

Structural Alteration - Any change in the supporting members of a building, such as the bearing walls, beams, or girders, or any change in the dimension or configuration of the roof or exterior walls.

Travel Trailer or Recreational Vehicle - A structure that (1) is intended to be transported over the streets and highways (either as a motor vehicle or attached to or hauled by a motor vehicle), and (2) is designed for temporary use as sleeping quarters, but that does not satisfy one or more of the definitional criteria of a mobile or manufactured home or modular unit.

Understory Tree - A small deciduous tree that forms the layer of vegetation under the canopy trees in a forest. Examples of such trees include dogwoods, sourwoods, fruit trees and others.

Use, Accessory - See Building, Accessory.

Use - The purpose or activity for which land or any building thereon is designed, arranged or intended, or for which it is occupied or maintained.

Use, Principal - The primary purpose for which land is used.

Variance - A modification of the area regulations of this Ordinance, granted by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

Yard - An open space that lies between the principal or accessory building or buildings and the nearest lot line. Such yard is unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward except as may be specifically provided by this Ordinance.

Yard, Front - A yard extending the full width of the front of a lot between the front (street) right-of-way line or property line and the front building line.

Yard, Rear - A yard extending the full width of the lot in the area between the rear lot line and the rear building line.

Yard, Required - That part of a yard between a lot line and the minimum required building setback line, within which no structure shall be located except as provided by this Ordinance.

Yard, Side - A yard extending the full length of the lot in the area between the side lot line and a side building line.

Zoning District - A specifically delineated area or district in the Town within which regulations and requirements govern the use, placement, spacing and size of land and buildings.

ARTICLE 11

LEGAL STATUS PROVISIONS

Section 11.1 Conflict With Other Laws

Whenever the regulations of this Ordinance require a greater width or size of yards, or require a greater percentage of lot to be left unoccupied, or impose other more restrictive standards than are required in or under any other statutes, the requirements of this Ordinance shall govern. Whenever the provisions of any other statute require more restrictive standards than are required by this Ordinance, the provisions of such statute shall govern.

Section 11.2 Validity

Should any section or provision of this Ordinance be declared invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such declaration shall not affect the validity of the Ordinance as a whole or any part thereof which is not specifically declared to be invalid or unconstitutional.

Section 11.3 Repeal of Conflicting Ordinances

All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are repealed to the extent necessary to give this Ordinance full force and effect.

Section 11.4 Effective Date

This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of its adoption by the Mayor and Town Council of the Town of Estill.

ENACTED AND ORDAINED into an Ordinance this 5th day of December, 2012.



R-12

R-6

Southern Rd

Browning Gate Rd

Shelby Falls

Ruth St E

Drum St E

Townline Rd

Liberty St

Liberty St

Annie Av

Morrison Ave

Baker Blvd

Fulton Blvd

Wymark Blvd E

Reeder St

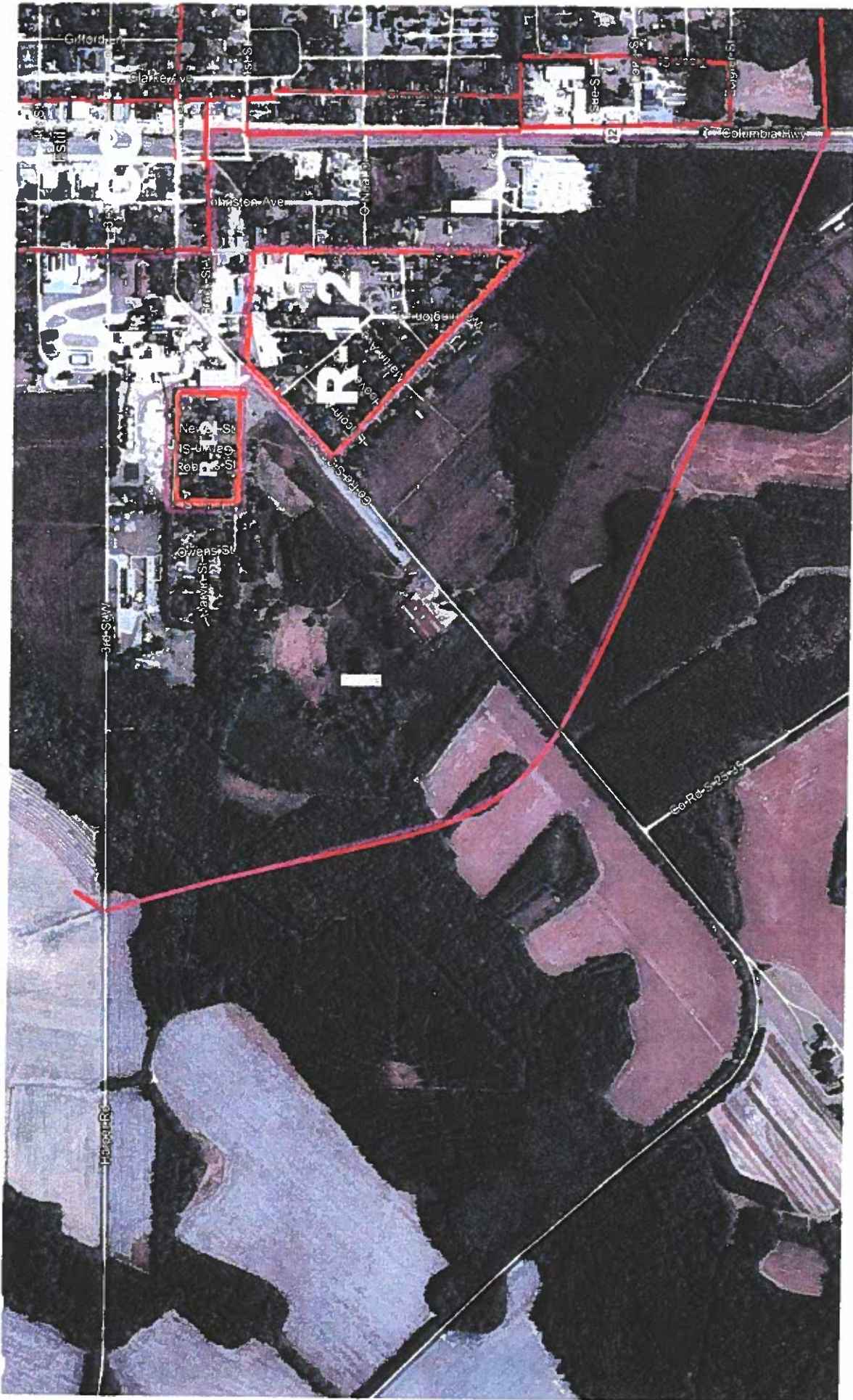
Victory Ave

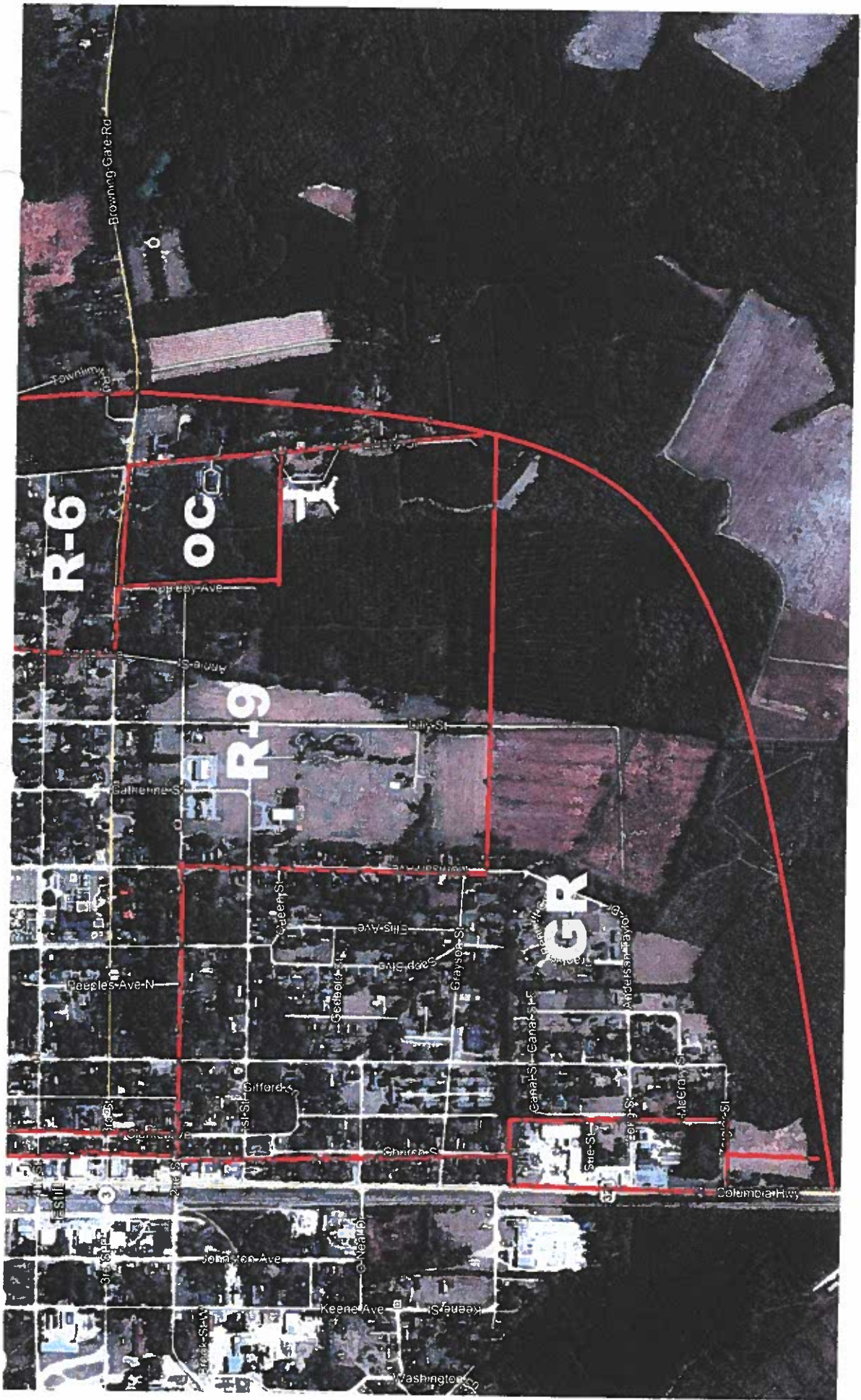
Revere St

Gifford

Roosevelt Rd

Keene St





R-6

OC

R-9

GR

Browning Gate Rd

Townline

Apple Ave

Anne St

Hill St

Galtienne St

Peeples Ave-N

Caden St

Elys Ave

Grayson St

Canals-Gana St

Sine St

MeGraw St

Columbia Hwy

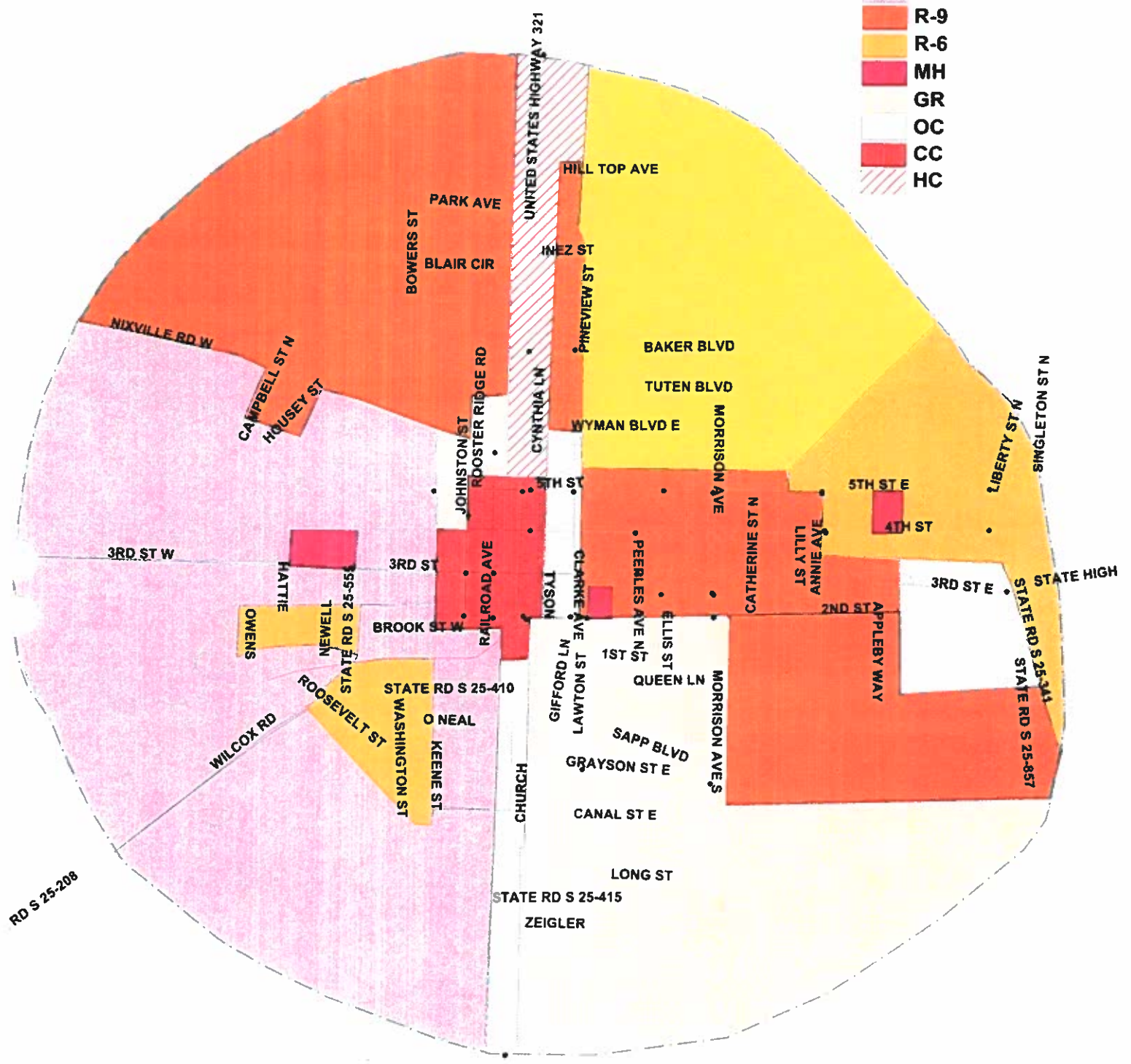
Keene Ave

Washington St

ZONING MAP

Map Legend

- R-12
- I
- R-9
- R-6
- MH
- GR
- OC
- CC
- HC



ZONING MA

Map Legend

R-12

I

R-9

R-6

MH

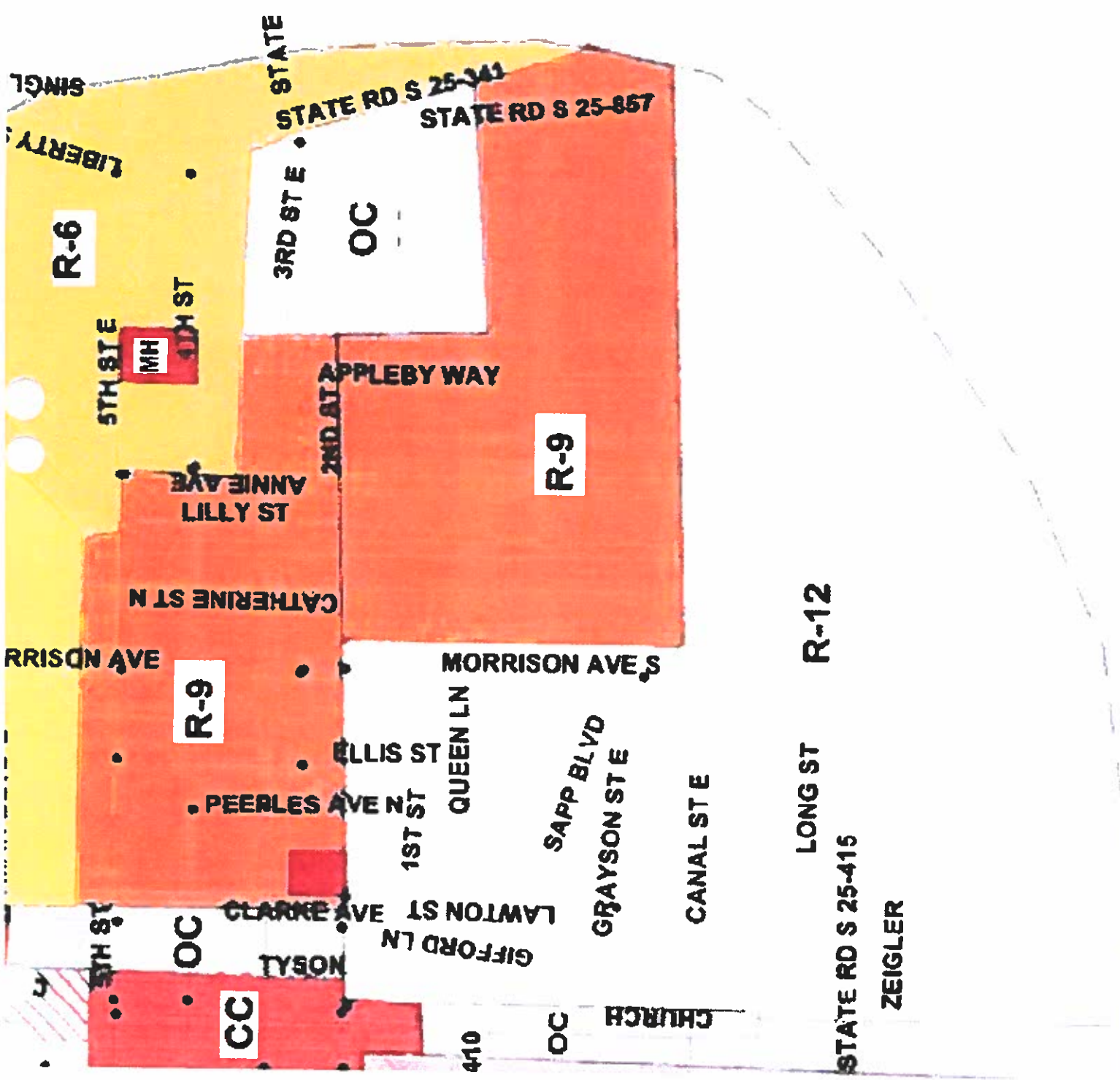
GR

OC

CC

HC

- 1st. St.
- 2nd. St
- 3rd. St.
- 4th St.
- 5thSt.
- Annie
- Applet
- Canal :
- Cather
- Church
- Clarks
- Gifforc
- Gifforc
- Grayso
- Lawtor
- Liberty
- Lilly St
- Long S:
- Morris
- Queen
- Singlitr
- Snapp
- State R
- Tyson
- US 321
- Zeigler

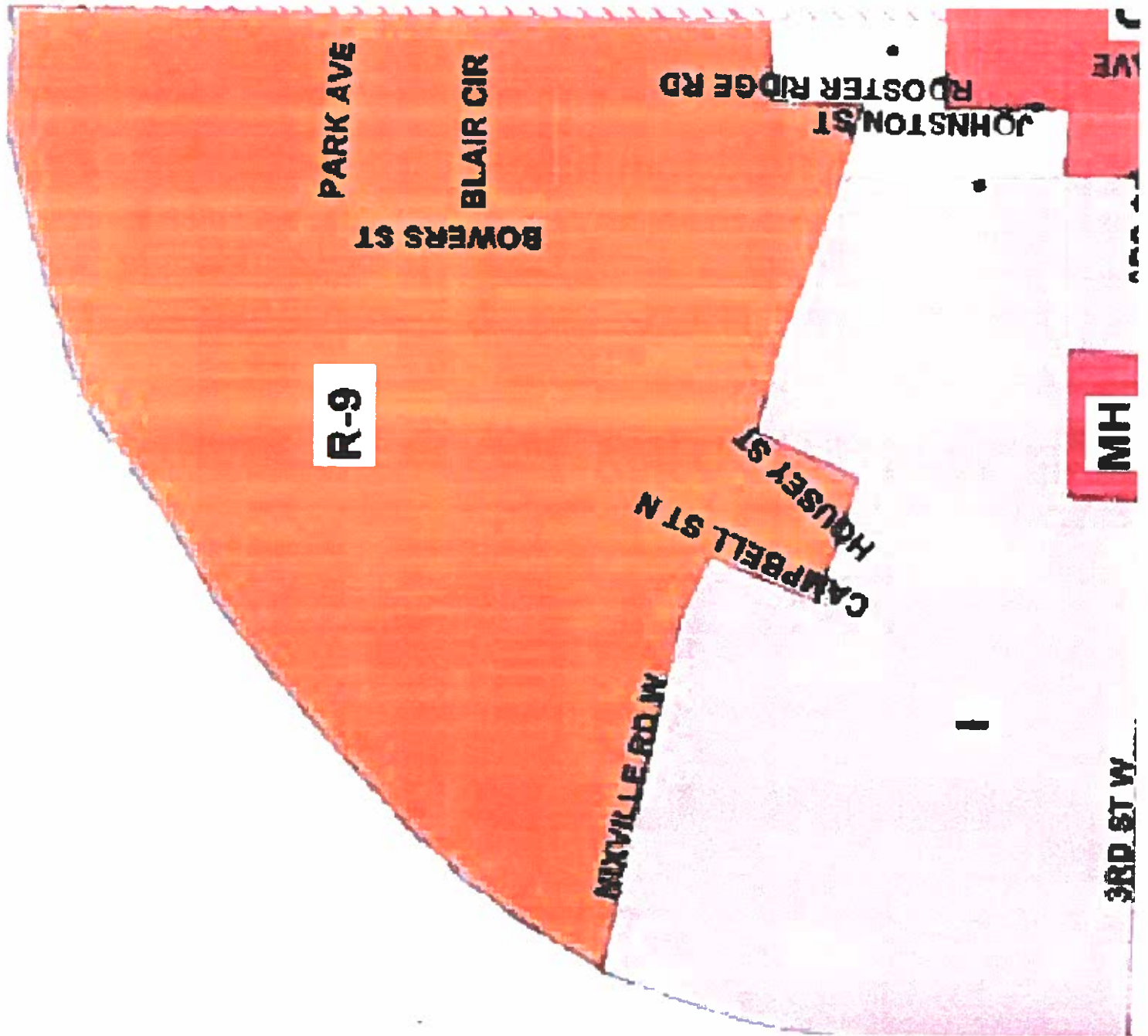


3rd St. W
 Blair Cr.
 Bowers
 Campbell St.
 Housey St.
 Johnson St.
 Johnson St.
 Nixville Rd. W
 Park Ave.
 Rooster Ridge Rd

ZONING MAI

Map Legend

-  R-12
-  I
-  R-9
-  R-6
-  MH
-  GR
-  OC
-  CC
-  HC

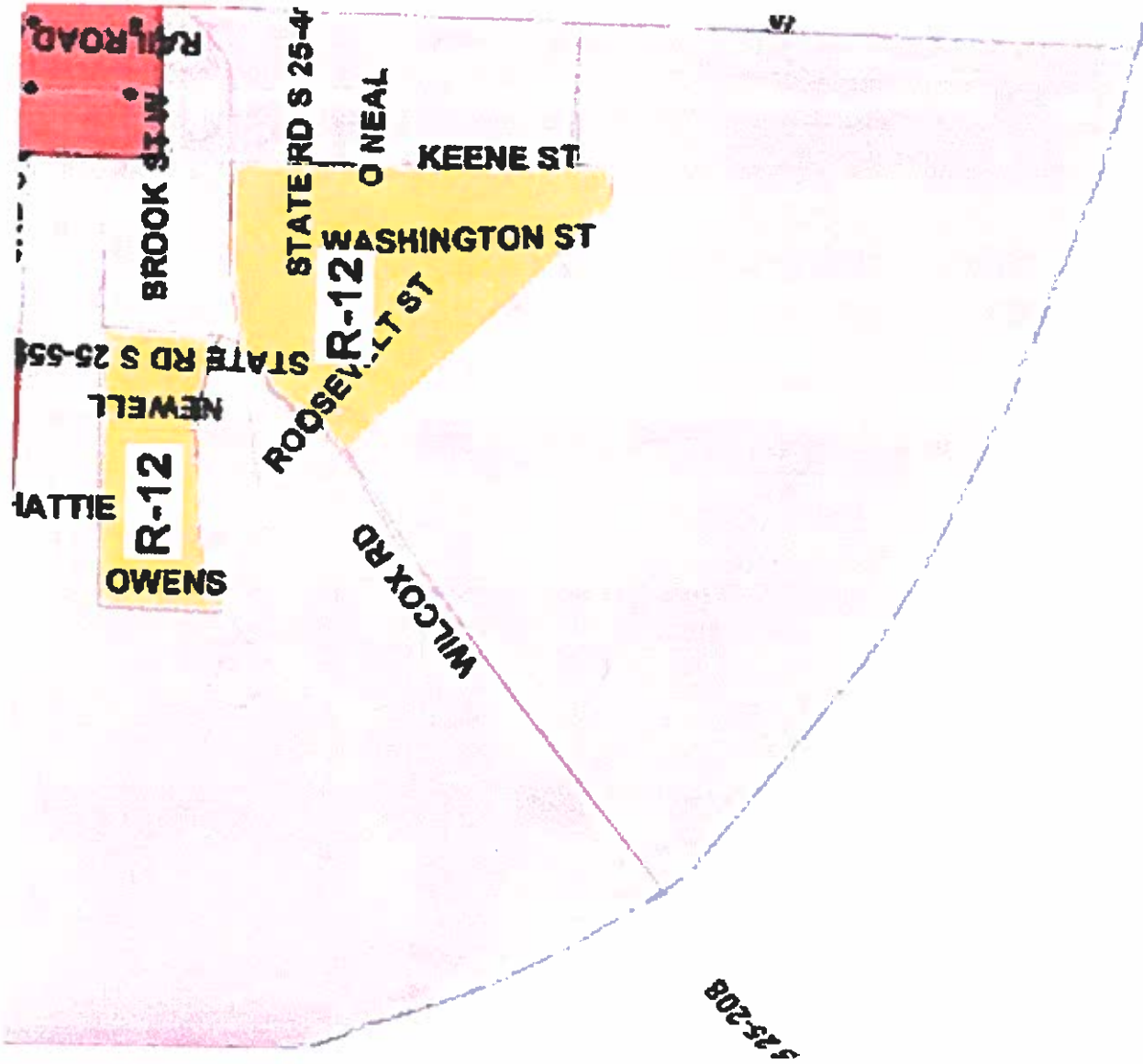


US 321 SW
 Brook St W
 Keene St.
 Newell
 O'Neal
 Owens
 Roosevelt St.
 Washington St.
 Wilcox Rd.

ZONING MAP

Map Legend

-  R-12
-  I
-  R-9
-  R-6
-  MH
-  GR
-  OC
-  CC
-  HC



ZONING MAP

Map Legend

- R-12
- I
- R-9
- R-6
- MH
- GR
- OC
- CC
- HC

- US 321
- 3rd. St.
- 4th St.
- 5th St.
- Annie Ave.
- Baker Blvd.
- Clark St.
- Cynthia Lane
- Hill Top Ave.
- Inez St.
- Liberty St.
- Lilly St.
- Morrison Ave.
- Peerless Ave.
- Pineville St.
- Singleton St.
- Tuten Blvd.
- Wyman Blvd.

